Audited Financial Statements and Other Financial Information

Town of Acton, Maine

June 30, 2021



Proven Expertise & Integrity

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JUNE 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Selectboard Town of Acton Acton, Maine

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Acton, Maine as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Acton, Maine's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Acton, Maine as of June 30, 2021 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension and OPEB information on pages 4 through 11 and 69 through 77 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Acton, Maine's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 20-A MRSA §6051, Sub-chapter 1(K) of the Maine Revised Statutes as amended and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, capital asset schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, capital asset schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

RHR Smith & Company

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 3, 2021, on our consideration of the Town of Acton, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Acton, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Buxton, Maine November 3, 2021

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2021

(UNAUDITED)

The following management's discussion and analysis of the Town of Acton, Maine's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements.

Financial Statement Overview

The Town of Acton's basic financial statements include the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information which consists of the general fund budgetary comparison schedule, the education fund budgetary comparison information, pension and OPEB information and other supplementary information which includes combining and other schedules.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include financial information in two differing views: the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. These basic financial statements also include the notes to financial statements that explain in more detail certain information in the financial statements and also provide the user with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the Town's operations in a manner that is similar to private businesses. These statements provide both short-term as well as long-term information in regards to the Town's financial position. These financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus takes into account all revenues and expenses associated with the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The Statement of Net Position - this statement presents *all* of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference being reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities - this statement presents information that shows how the government's net position changed during the period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Both of the above-mentioned financial statements have one column for the Town's activities. The type of activity presented for the Town of Acton is:

 Governmental activities - the activities in this section are mostly supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants). All of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental activities, which include general government, public safety, public works, social services, recreation, general assistance, education and other expenses.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Acton, like other local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Acton can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: All of the basic services provided by the Town are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information will be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach, revenues are recorded when cash is received or when susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred and due. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's finances to assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the Town.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement.

The Town of Acton presents three columns in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The Town's major governmental funds are the general fund and the education fund. All other funds are shown as nonmajor and are combined in the "Other Governmental Funds" column on these statements.

The general fund and the education fund are the only funds for which the Town legally adopted a budget. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund and the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - Education Fund provide a comparison of the original and final budget and the actual expenditures for the current year.

Fiduciary Funds: These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town of Acton. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds are much like that of proprietary funds. They use the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found following the Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds.

Required Supplementary Information

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information, which includes a Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund, a Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - Education Fund, a Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, a Schedule of Contributions - Pensions, a Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability - MEABT Plan, a Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - MEABT Plan, a Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - SET Plan, a Schedule of Contributions - OPEB and Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information follows the required supplementary information. These combining and other schedules provide information in regards to nonmajor funds, capital asset activity and other detailed budgetary information for the general fund and the education fund.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Our analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the Town's governmental activities. The Town's total net position for governmental activities increased by \$1,162,362 from \$7,689,073 to \$8,851,345.

Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements - increased to a balance of \$2,993,908 at the end of this year.

Table 1
Town of Acton, Maine
Net Position
June 30,

	Governmental Activities				
		2020			
	2021	(Restated)			
Assets:					
Current Assets	\$ 6,605,329	\$ 5,479,165			
Noncurrent Assets - Capital Assets	4,179,210	3,812,230			
Total Assets	10,784,539	9,291,395			
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	145,085	134,116			
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	93,659	21,574			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	238,744	155,690			
Liabilities:					
Current Liabilities	1,102,965	901,056			
Noncurrent Liabilities	974,986	776,310			
Total Liabilities	2,077,951	1,677,366			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Prepaid Taxes	31,493	20,822			
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	10,352	46,556			
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	52,052	13,268			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	93,897	80,646			
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,640,228	3,497,209			
Restricted	2,217,299	1,980,332			
Unrestricted	2,993,908	2,211,532			
Total Net Position	\$ 8,851,435	\$ 7,689,073			

Revenues and Expenses

Revenues for the Town's governmental activities increased by 12.75%, while total expenses increased by 4.99%. The increase in revenues was primarily due operating grants and contributions and grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs. The increase in expenditures was primarily due to other expenses and State of Maine on-behalf payments.

Table 2
Town of Acton, Maine
Changes in Net Position
For the Years Ended June 30,

	Governmental Activities				
	2021 20			2020	
Revenues					
Program Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	307,662	\$	273,604	
Operating grants and contributions		1,176,317		716,303	
General Revenues:					
Property taxes		6,970,536		6,947,628	
Excise taxes		723,780		604,419	
Grants and contributions not restricted to					
specific programs		1,008,698		538,293	
Investment income		67,311		40,877	
Other income		180,730		133,977	
Total revenues		10,435,034		9,255,101	
Expenses					
General government		872,340		864,635	
Public safety		452,071		634,869	
Public works		707,968		789,695	
Social services		71,188		71,186	
Recreation		21,775		11,932	
General assistance		-		1,116	
Education		5,671,141		5,538,008	
County tax		327,135		309,238	
Other expenses		506,509		237,439	
State of Maine on-behalf payments		610,422		342,156	
Unallocated depreciation (Note 4)		32,123		31,401	
Total expenses		9,272,672		8,831,675	
Change in Net Position		1,162,362		423,426	
Net Position - July 1, Restated		7,689,073		7,265,647	
Net Position - June 30	\$	8,851,435	\$	7,689,073	

Financial Analysis of the Town's Fund Statements

Governmental funds: The financial reporting focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the Town's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's financial position at the end of the year and the net resources available for spending.

Table 3
Town of Acton, Maine
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
June 30,

			2020		2020 Incr		ncrease/
	2021 (Restated		(Restated)		(Restated)		Decrease)
Major Funds:	_		_				
General Fund:							
Restricted	\$ 79,244	\$	81,028	\$	(1,784)		
Committed	408,122		422,682		(14,560)		
Assigned	63,279		60,089		3,190		
Unassigned	2,681,473		1,889,333		792,140		
Education Fund:							
Nonspendable	66,469		10,462		56,007		
Restricted	 2,015,341		1,761,190		254,151		
Total Major Funds	\$ 5,313,928	\$	4,224,784	\$	1,089,144		
Nonmajor Funds:							
Special Revenue Funds:							
Restricted	\$ -	\$	39,833	\$	(39,833)		
Assigned	\$ 18,756	\$	16,579		2,177		
Unassigned	-		(2,057)		2,057		
Permanent Funds:							
Restricted	 122,714		95,407		27,307		
Total Nonmajor Funds	\$ 141,470	\$	149,762	\$	(8,292)		

The changes to total fund balances for the general fund, education fund and nonmajor funds occurred due to the regular activity of operations.

Budgetary Highlights

The significant difference between the original and final budget for the general fund was the use of committed and assigned fund balances as well as applied revenues.

The general fund actual revenues exceeded the budget by \$618,755. All revenue categories were within or exceeded budgeted amounts.

The general fund actual expenditures were under budget by \$864,435. All expenditures categories were within or under budgeted amounts.

There was no difference between the original and final budget for the education fund.

The education fund actual revenues exceeded the budget by \$49,589. All revenue categories exceeded budgeted amounts or were within or exceeded budgeted amounts with the exception of charges for services.

The education fund actual expenditures were under budget by \$467,569. All expenditures categories were under budgeted amounts.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2021, the net book value of capital assets recorded by the Town increased by \$366,980 from the prior year. This increase is the result of additions of \$716,735 less net disposals of \$31,895 and current year depreciation of \$317,860.

Table 4
Town of Acton, Maine
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)
June 30,

	2021	2020		
Land	\$ 290,365	\$	290,365	
Construction in progress	354,977		-	
Land improvements	353,169		335,889	
Buildings and improvements	1,676,598		1,828,861	
Machinery and equipment	154,169		189,007	
Vehicles	536,317		516,766	
Furniture and fixtures	-		2,234	
Infrastructure	813,615		649,108	
Total	\$ 4,179,210	\$	3,812,230	

Debt

At June 30, 2021, the Town had \$538,932 in notes from direct borrowings payable versus \$315,021 as of June 30, 2020. Refer to Note 6 of Notes to Financial Statements for more detailed information.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Town has maintained a sufficient unassigned fund balance to sustain government operations for a period of approximately three months, while also maintaining reserve accounts for future operational, capital and program needs.

The outbreak of COVID-19 has been declared a pandemic and led to a national state of emergency in the United States. Refer to Note 1 of Notes to Financial Statements for more detailed information.

At present it is not possible, with any degree of certainty, to estimate the impact of COVID-19 on the revenues, expenditures, budget or overall financial position of the Town of Acton. No assurance can be given regarding future events or impacts because these actions and events are unpredictable or unknowable at this time and are outside the control of the Town

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town Treasurer's Office at 35 H Road, Acton, Maine 04001.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

		Governmental <u>Activities</u>		
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,996,823		
Investments		169,795		
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles):				
Taxes		214,672		
Liens		59,194		
Other		86,529		
Due from other governments		11,847		
Inventory		4,304		
Prepaid items		62,165		
Total current assets		6,605,329		
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:				
Land and other non-depreciable assets		645,342		
Infrastructure, buildings and vehicles, net of accumulated depreciation		3,533,868		
Total noncurrent assets		4,179,210		
TOTAL ASSETS		10,784,539		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pensions		145,085		
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		238,744		
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	11,023,283		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmenta Activities	
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	332,474
Accrued payroll and expenses		329,220
Escrow		117,430
Current portion of long-term obligations		323,841
Total current liabilities		1,102,965
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:		
Notes from direct borrowings payable		409,981
Net pension liability		213,606
Net OPEB liability		351,399
Total noncurrent liabilities		974,986
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,077,951
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Prepaid taxes		31,493
Deferred inflows related to pensions		10,352
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		52,052
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		93,897
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		3,640,228
Restricted		2,217,299
Unrestricted		2,993,908
TOTAL NET POSITION		8,851,435
TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFENDED INCLOWS OF DESCRIPTION		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 1	1,023,283

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position **Program Revenues** Operating Capital Total Grants and Governmental Charges for Grants and Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions Contributions **Activities** Governmental activities: General government 872,340 \$ 192,773 \$ \$ \$ (679,567)452,071 Public safety 113,856 (338,215)48,388 Public works 707,968 (659,580)Social services 71,188 (71,188)21.775 Recreation (21,775)Education 5,671,141 (5,152,601)1,033 517,507 327,135 County tax (327, 135)Other expenses 506,509 (506,509)State of Maine on-behalf payments 610,422 610,422 Unallocated depreciation (Note 4)* 32,123 (32,123)Total governmental activities 9,272,672 307,662 1,176,317 (7,788,693)

^{*} This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
Changes in net position:	
Net (expense) revenue	(7,788,693)
General revenues:	
Taxes:	
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	6,970,536
Excise taxes	723,780
Grants and contributions not restricted to	
specific programs	1,008,698
Investment income	67,311
Other income	180,730
Total general revenues	8,951,055
Change in net position	1,162,362
NET POSITION - JULY 1, RESTATED	7,689,073
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 8,851,435

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

100570		General Fund		Education Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	Φ	E 67E 246	Φ	224 402	φ	07.404	Φ	E 006 933
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,675,316	\$	234,403	\$	87,104 169,795	\$	5,996,823 169,795
Investments Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		-		-		109,795		·
Taxes		214,672		-		-		214,672
Liens		59,194		-		-		59,194
Other		86,529		-		- 		86,529
Due from other governments		-		-		11,847		11,847
Inventory		-		4,304		-		4,304
Prepaid items		-		62,165		-		62,165
Due from other funds	_		_	2,367,309		30,610	_	2,397,919
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,035,711	\$	2,668,181	\$	299,356	\$	9,003,248
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll and expenses Escrow	\$	255,158 2,216 2,001	\$	77,316 327,004	\$	- - 115,429	\$	332,474 329,220 117,430
Accrued compensated absences		-		182,051		-		182,051
Due to other funds		2,355,462		-		42,457		2,397,919
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,614,837		586,371		157,886		3,359,094
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Prepaid taxes Deferred tax revenue TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		31,493 157,263 188,756		- -				31,493 157,263 188,756
TO THE BELLETIME DOWN OF THE GOOT OF		100,100						100,100
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted		- 79,244		66,469 2,015,341		- 122,714		66,469 2,217,299
Committed		408,122		-		-		408,122
Assigned		63,279		-		18,756		82,035
Unassigned		2,681,473				-		2,681,473
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		3,232,118		2,081,810		141,470		5,455,398
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	6,035,711	\$	2,668,181	\$	299,356	\$	9,003,248

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Gc	Total overnmental Funds
Total Fund Balances	\$	5,455,398
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	Ψ	0,400,000
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures		4,179,210
and therefore are deferred in the funds shown above:		457.000
Taxes and liens receivable Deferred outflows of resources related are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		157,263
Pensions		145,085
OPEB		93,659
Long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Notes from direct borrowings payable		(538,982)
Accrued compensated absences		(12,789)
Net pension liability		(213,606)
Net OPEB liability		(351,399)
Deferred inflows of resources related are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Pensions		(10,352)
OPEB		(52,052)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	8,851,435

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund		Education Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	7,063,273	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,063,273
Excise taxes		723,780		-		-		723,780
Intergovernmental revenues:								
State revenue sharing		162,023		-		-		162,023
Education subsidy		-		517,507		-		517,507
Homestead exemption		155,457		-		-		155,457
Local road assistance		48,388		-		<u>-</u>		48,388
Other		75,690		<u>-</u>		615,528		691,218
State of Maine on-behalf payments		<u>-</u>		269,420		-		269,420
Charges for services		306,629		1,033		-		307,662
Investment income, net of unrealized gains/(losses)		32,348		1,656		33,307		67,311
Other revenue		144,488		31,548		4,694		180,730
TOTAL REVENUES		8,712,076		821,164		653,529		10,186,769
EXPENDITURES Current:		000 040						000 040
General government		909,816		-		-		909,816
Public safety		656,372		-		-		656,372
Public works		861,077		-		-		861,077
Social services		71,188		-		-		71,188
Recreation		16,439		-		-		16,439
Education		-		5,160,630		655,821		5,816,451
County tax		327,135		-		-		327,135
Other		500,509		-		6,000		506,509
State of Maine on-behalf payments		-		269,420		-		269,420
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,342,536		5,430,050		661,821		9,434,407
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)		F 200 F40		(4 000 000)		(0.202)		750 000
EXPENDITURES		5,369,540		(4,608,886)		(8,292)		752,362
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Loan proceeds		328,490						328,490
Transfers in		320,490		4,919,044		-		4,919,044
Transfers (out)		(4,919,044)		4,919,044		_		(4,919,044)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(4,590,554)		4,919,044				328,490
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(4,590,554)		4,919,044				320,490
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		778,986		310,158		(8,292)		1,080,852
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1, RESTATED		2,453,132		1,771,652		149,762		4,374,546
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	3,232,118	\$	2,081,810	\$	141,470	\$	5,455,398

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement E)	\$ 1,080,852
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense allocated to those expenditures over the life of the assets: Capital asset acquisitions Capital asset disposals Depreciation expense	716,735 (31,895) (317,860) 366,980
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources as revenues in the funds: Taxes and liens receivable	(92,737)
Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Pensions OPEB	10,969 72,085 83,054
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position	(328,490)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position	104,529
Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Pensions OPEB	36,204 (38,784) (2,580)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Accrued compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	(12,789) (41,180) 4,723
Not Of EB hability	(49,246)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	\$ 1,162,362

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Trus	Private-Purpose Trust Funds Scholarship Funds		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents TOTAL ASSETS	\$ \$	21,600 21,600		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ \$	<u>-</u>		
NET POSITION Restricted-held in trust TOTAL NET POSITION		21,600 21,600		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	21,600		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds Scholarship Funds		
ADDITIONS Interest income TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	4 4	
DEDUCTIONS Scholarship awards TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		700 700	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(696)	
NET POSITION - JULY 1, RESTATED		22,296	
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$	21,600	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Town of Acton was incorporated under the laws of the State of Maine. The Town operates under the selectmen form of government and provides the following services: general government, public safety, public works, social services, recreation, general assistance and education.

The Town's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The Town's combined financial statements include all accounts and all operations of the Town. We have determined that the Town has no component units as described in GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61.

COVID-19 Outbreak

The outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus, has been declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization and led to a national state of emergency in the United States. The State of Maine, along with other state and local governments, declared states of emergency and issued multiple public health emergency orders that severely restrict movement and limit businesses and activities to essential functions. These actions and effects of COVID-19 have disrupted economic activity at all levels and impacted the processes and procedures for almost all businesses, including municipal and quasi-municipal entities.

In response to the health crisis created by COVID-19 since early March, the Governor of Maine issued multiple executive orders and declarations to protect the public health in an effort to reduce community spread of the virus and protect citizens. These measures have included, among others, closing or restricting access to certain business and activities, issuing a "stay at home" directive for most citizens, restricting nonessential travel and limiting movement of all persons in Maine to those necessary to obtain or provide essential services or activities The state of emergency expired on June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impact on Finances

The Town does not currently anticipate any additional FY 2021 expenditures due to COVID-19 that would not be covered by existing resources including authorized Coronavirus, Aid, Relief and Economic Security ("CARES") Act, American Rescue Plan Act ("ARPA") funding and applicable Federal and /or State programs.

Expected Federal/State Support

The Town may have to take action to meet certain requirements to receive any additional Federal or State funding for budgetary or economic relief related to the challenges presented by COVID-19. However, the Town expects that if those actions are necessary, that the Town would qualify and satisfy the various conditions required to receive applicable Federal or State funds.

Conclusion

The ongoing effects of COVID-19, including the financial impact to the Town and its inhabitants, may change significantly as events and circumstances evolve locally, nationally and worldwide. At present it is not possible, with any degree of certainty, to estimate the impact of COVID-19 on the revenues, expenditures, budget or overall financial position of the Town. No assurance can be given regarding future events or impacts because these actions and events are unpredictable or unknowable at this time and are outside the control of the Town.

Implementation of New Accounting Standards

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the following statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board became effective:

Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities". This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally should report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria. This Statement also provides for

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Events that compel a government to disburse fiduciary resources occur when a demand for the resources has been made or when no further action, approval or condition is required to be taken or met by the beneficiary to release the assets. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 90 "Majority Equity Interests". This Statement defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value. For all other holdings of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization, a government should report the legally separate organization as a component unit and the government or fund that holds the equity interest should report an asset related to the majority equity interest using the equity method. This Statement establishes that ownership of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization results in the government being financially accountable for the legally separate organization and, therefore, the government should report that organization as a component unit. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No 93 "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (paragraphs 4-11a)." The primary objectives of paragraphs 4-11a concern hedging derivative instruments (specifically exceptions to termination of hedge accounting, modifications to hedged items, probability of expected transactions and appropriate benchmark interest rates). The objective of this Statement is to address the accounting and financial reporting effects that result from the replacement of IBORs with other reference rates in order to preserve the reliability, relevance, consistency, and comparability of reported information. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Town's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Town as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Town's major funds).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. All activities of the Town are categorized as governmental.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column is (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Town's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position and unrestricted net position. The Town first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Town's functions (general government, public safety, etc.) excluding fiduciary activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, miscellaneous revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these government-wide financial statements.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services, etc.).

The Town does not allocate indirect costs. All costs are charged directly to the corresponding department.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in the Town's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus - Basic Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Town are reported in the individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the Town:

1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental fund's measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Town:

Major Funds

- a. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. The Education Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for education by the school department. The primary revenue sources are property tax revenue and intergovernmental revenue.

Nonmajor Funds

- c. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- d. Permanent Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town that are legally restricted pursuant to Title 30-A, §5653 of the Maine State Statutes, as amended and unless otherwise specified, only earnings and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the Town or its citizenry. The Town's policy for authorizing and spending investment income follows State statutes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Town programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

The Town's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (private-purpose). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements. The Town has no component units that are fiduciary in nature.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in the governmental activity category. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column, GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenses of either the fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

2. Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

Budget

The Town's policy is to adopt an annual budget for operations. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 24, Accounting and Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance, payments made by the State of Maine to the Maine State Public Employees Retirement System for teachers and certain other school employees are reported as offsetting revenues and expenditures of the education fund.

Revenues per budgetary basis Add: On-behalf payments	\$ 5,470,788 269,420
Total GAAP basis	\$ 5,740,208
Expenditures per budgetary basis	\$ 5,160,630
Add: On-behalf basis	 269,420
Total GAAP basis	\$ 5,430,050

The following procedures are followed in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Early in the first half of the year the Town prepares a budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the inhabitants of the Town was called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after public notice of the meeting was given.
- 3. The budget was adopted subsequent to passage by the inhabitants of the Town.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

It is the Town's policy to value investments at fair value. None of the Town's investments are reported at amortized cost. The Town Treasurer is authorized by State Statutes to invest all excess funds in the following:

- Obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities
- Certificates of deposits and other evidences of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market mutual funds

The Town of Acton has a formal investment policy and also follows the State of Maine Statutes.

Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from governmental agencies and ambulance receivables. All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible. The allowance for uncollectible amounts is estimated to be \$82,951 as of June 30, 2021. Accounts receivable netted with allowances for uncollectible accounts were \$98,376 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are valued at cost which approximate market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when used (consumption method). The general fund inventory consists of school lunch supplies and food on hand at the end of the year.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Transactions Between Funds

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of Governmental Funds.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$3,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

The assets are valued at historical cost when available and estimated historical cost where actual invoices or budgetary data was unavailable. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. All retirements have been recorded by eliminating the net carrying values.

Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to independently owned utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the Town. The Town has not retroactively recorded infrastructure.

Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 20 - 50 years
Infrastructure 50 - 100 years
Machinery and equipment 3 - 50 years
Vehicles 3 - 25 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Long-term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term obligations depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist of notes from direct borrowings payable, accrued compensated absences, net pension liability and net OPEB liability.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System Participating Local District (PLD) Consolidated Plan and State Employee and Teacher (SET) Plan and additions to/deductions from the PLD Consolidated and SET Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PLD Consolidated and SET Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>OPEB</u>

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, management received and relied on an actuarial report provided to them by the Maine Education Association Benefits Trust (MEABT), which determined the School's fiduciary net position as a single employer defined benefit plan based on information provided solely by MEABT to complete the actuarial report. Additions to/deductions from the MEABT OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MEABT. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State Employee and Teacher (SET) Plan and additions to/deductions from the SET Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the SET Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for those assets and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislations adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable - This includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the inhabitants of the Town. The inhabitants of the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Town through Town meetings are the highest level of decision-making authority of the Town. Commitments may be established, modified or rescinded only through a Town meeting vote.

Assigned - This includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The authority for assigning fund balance is given annually by vote of the taxpayers and is expressed by the Selectboard.

Unassigned - This includes all other spendable amounts. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Town meeting vote has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town currently has two types of this item, deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to OPEB. These items are reported in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has only one type of item, deferred tax revenues, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, this item is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Prepaid taxes also qualify for reporting in this category. This item is reported in both the statements of net position and the governmental funds balance

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

sheet. Deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB qualify for reporting in this category as well. These items are reported only in the statement of net position. All items in this category are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes - Modified Accrual Basis

The Town's property tax for the current year was levied August 26, 2020 on the assessed value listed as of April 1, 2020, for all real and personal property located in the Town. Taxes were due in two installments on October 15, 2020 and April 15, 2021. Interest on unpaid taxes commenced on October 16, 2020 and April 16, 2021, at 8% per annum.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year end. The remaining receivables have been recorded as deferred revenues.

The Town is permitted by the laws of the State of Maine to levy taxes up to 105% of its net budgeted expenditures for the related fiscal period. The amount raised in excess of 100% is referred to as overlay and amounted to \$55,192 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Tax liens are placed on real property within twelve months following the tax commitment date if taxes are delinquent. The Town has the authority to foreclose on property eighteen months after the filing of the lien if tax liens and associated costs remain unpaid.

Program Revenues

Program revenues include all directly related income items applicable to a particular program (charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided; operating or capital grants and contributions, including special assessments).

Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The Town does not utilize encumbrance accounting for its general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Use of Estimates

During the preparation of the Town's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent items as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Town's investment policies, which follow state statutes, require that all investments be made considering the safe and sound investment of principal and preservation of capital in the overall portfolio, maintenance of sufficient liquidity to meet day-to-day operations and other cash requirements and maximization of income, within established investment risk guidelines, with consistent cash flows throughout the budgetary cycle. These investment policies apply to all Town funds.

Deposits:

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the Town will not be able to recover its deposits. The Town does not have a policy covering custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the Town maintains deposits in qualifying financial institutions that are a member of the FDIC or NCUSIF as defined in Title 30-A, Section 5706 of the Maine Revised Statutes.

At June 30, 2021, the Town's cash balance amounting to \$6,018,423 was comprised of bank deposits of \$6,274,650. Bank deposits are adjusted primarily by outstanding checks and deposits in transit to reconcile to the Town's cash balance. All of these bank deposits were fully insured by federal depository insurance and consequently were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

		Bank
Account Type	B	Salance
Checking accounts Savings accounts Money market accounts ICS accounts		32,597 31,224 107,163 5,103,666
	φС	5,274,650

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments:

Custodial credit risk for investments is that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Currently, the Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for investments. The Town's investment in common stock for \$74,629 is not exposed to custodial credit risk because the securities are registered in the Town's name and are held by the Town. The Town's investments in certificates of deposit were fully insured by federal depository insurance and consequently was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Interest rate risk - is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuations in interest rates. Certificates of deposit held with local financial institutions for \$95,166 are excluded from interest rate risk as these investments are considered held to maturity and are therefore not measured at fair value.

At June 30, 2021, the Town had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Fair	NI/A	Less t		1 5	Vooro
Investment Type	 <u>Value</u>	 N/A	1 Ye	ai	1-5	Years
Equity securities: Common stock	\$ 74,629	\$ 74,629	\$		\$	

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as June 30, 2021:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

			Fair Value Measurements Using					
				ted Prices in ve Markets	Signit Oth		Signific	cant
			fo	r Identical	Obser	vable	Unobser	vable
	June	e 30, 2021		Assets	Inp		Inpu	
		Total		(Level I)	(Lev	el II)	(Level	III)
Investments by fair value level								
Equity securities:								
Common stock - domestic	\$	74,629	\$	74,629	\$		\$	
Total equity securities		74,629		74,629				
Total investments by fair value level		74,629	\$	74,629	\$		\$	
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	74,629						

Equity securities classified in Level I of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. The Town has no Level II or Level III investments. Certificates of deposit held with local financial institutions for \$95,166 are excluded from the hierarchy as these investments are considered held to maturity and are therefore not measured at fair value.

Credit risk - Statutes for the State of Maine authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Maine, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. The Town does not have an investment policy on credit risk. Generally, the Town invests excess funds in savings accounts and various insured certificates of deposit.

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	eceivables Due From)	Payables (Due To)
General fund Education fund Nonmajor special revenue funds	\$ 2,367,309	\$ 2,355,462 - 11,847
	\$ 2,397,919	\$ 2,397,919

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

The result of amounts owed between funds are considered to be in the course of normal operations by the Town. Reconciliation of the amounts owed between funds may or may not be expected to be repaid within one year in their entirety due to the recurring nature of these transactions during operations.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

	Transfer ln	Transfer Out		
General fund Education fund	\$ - 4,919,044	\$	4,919,044	
	\$ 4,919,044	\$	4,919,044	

Interfund transfers are the results of legally authorized activity and are considered to be in the course of normal operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Balance 7/1/20		Additions		Disposals			Balance 6/30/21
Governmental activities:								_
Non-depreciated assets:								
Land	\$	290,365	\$	-	\$	-	\$	290,365
Construction in progress				354,977				354,977
		290,365		354,977				645,342
Depreciated assets:								
Land improvements		635,405		50,265		-		685,670
Buildings and improvements		6,001,595		8,931		(149,488)		5,861,038
Machinery and equipment		1,256,418		4,029		(430,791)		829,656
Vehicles		1,111,306		110,043		(27,100)		1,194,249
Furniture and fixtures		109,669		-		-		109,669
Infrastructure		700,559		188,490				889,049
		9,814,952		361,758		(607,379)		9,569,331
Less: accumulated depreciation		(6,293,087)		(317,860)		575,484		(6,035,463)
		3,521,865		43,898		(31,895)		3,533,868
Net capital assets	\$	3,812,230	\$	398,875	\$	(31,895)	\$	4,179,210
Current year depreciation:								
Public safety							\$	115,990
Public works							•	28,995
Education								129,030
Transfer station								6,386
Recreation								5,336
Town-wide								32,123
Total depreciation expenses							\$	317,860

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The General Fund of the Town is used to pay all long-term debt. A summary of long-term debt is as follows:

	E	3alance, 7/1/20	Д	dditions	R	eductions	Balance, 6/30/21	Current Portion	
Notes from direct borrowings payable	\$	315,021	\$	328,490	\$	(104,529)	\$ 538,982	\$	129,001

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the outstanding notes from direct borrowings payable:

\$500,000, 2015 Commercial Note due in monthly installments of level principal and interest payments in the amount of \$4,734 through September	
of 2025. Interest is charged at a fixed rate of 2.55% per annum.	\$ 228,450
\$75,527, 2016 Commercial Note due in monthly installments of level principal and interest payments in the amount of \$1,333 through June of 2022. Interest is charged at a fixed rate of 1.94% per annum.	16,967
\$8,280, 2017 Capital Lease payable to Budget Technology for copiers due in monthly installments of \$138 through January of 2023. Interest is charged at a fixed rate of 1.94% per annum.	2,346
\$328,490, 2020 Commercial Note due in monthly installments of level principal and interest payments in the amount of \$5,688 through December of 2025. Interest is charged at a rate of 1.49% per annum.	291,219
Total notes from direct borrowings payable	\$ 538,982
5 1 7	

The following is a summary of outstanding notes from direct borrowings payable principal and interest requirements for the following fiscal years ending June 30:

	F	Principal	I	nterest	Total			
2022	\$	129,001	\$	9,269	\$	138,270		
2023		118,735		7,060		125,795		
2024		120,414		4,644		125,058		
2025		122,845		2,274		125,119		
2026		47,987		211		48,198		
	\$	538,982	\$	23,458	\$	562,440		

All notes from direct borrowings payable are direct obligations of the Town, for which its full faith and credit are pledged. The Town is not obligated for any special assessment debt. All debt is payable from taxes levied on all taxable property within the Town.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 7 - OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A summary of other long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	E	Balance, 7/1/20	 additions	_R	eductions	Balance, 6/30/21	Current Portion
Accrued compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	\$	178,291 172,426 356,122	\$ 16,549 159,197 105,554	\$	- (118,017) (110,277)	\$ 194,840 213,606 351,399	\$ 194,840 - -
Totals	\$	706,839	\$ 281,300	\$	(228,294)	\$ 759,845	\$ 194,840

Please see Notes 8, 13 and 16 for detailed information on each of the other long-term obligations.

NOTE 8 - ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Town's policies regarding vacation and sick time do not permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave. However, the school department allows certain teachers to accumulated unused sick time. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred. As of June 30, 2021, the Town's liability for compensated absences is \$194,840.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES

The Town had the following restricted net position and fund balances at June 30, 2021:

General fund:	
LRAP	\$ 48,388
FEMA reserve	30,856
Education fund:	
Education	1,004,269
Capital reserve	41,072
Fuel reserve	10,000
Tuition and assistive technology	150,000
Professional reserve	10,000
Technology reserve	10,000
Health reserve	15,000
Capital improvement reserve	15,000
Matching grant reserve	10,000
FY 2022 budget	750,000
Nonmajor permanent funds (Schedule H)	122,714
	\$ 2,217,299

NOTE 10 - NONSPENDABLE FUND BALANCES

The Town had the following nonspendable fund balances at June 30, 2021:

Education fund:	
Inventory	\$ 4,304
Prepaid items	 62,165
	\$ 66,469

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 11 - COMMITTED FUND BALANCES

The Town had the following committed fund balances at June 30, 2021:

General fund:	
Mary Grant	\$ 2,916
Private road association	20,697
Neighbors helping neighbors	5,974
Fuel assistance donations	733
Forestry reserve	480
Acton public access TV	5,529
Fire department donations	1,362
Fire department grants	300
Fire department capital	8,659
Ambulance reserve	5,531
Dams capital improvement	5,000
Conservation committee	1,945
Cemeteries	6,927
Lincoln school donations	1,144
District one road repair and maintenance	43,397
District one road resurfacing	63,984
District two road repair and maintenance	44,697
District two road resurfacing	163,843
Bridge/culvert capital	 25,004
	\$ 408,122

NOTE 12 - ASSIGNED FUND BALANCES

The Town had the following assigned fund balances at June 30, 2021:

General fund:

Recreation	\$ 29,704
Capital improvements	 33,575
	\$ 63,279

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

PARTICIPATING LOCAL DISTRICT CONSOLIDATED PLAN

Plan Description

Town employees contribute to the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (MainePERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Maine State Legislature. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Participating Local District (PLD) Consolidated Plan's advisory group, which reviews the terms of the plan and periodically makes recommendations to the Legislature to amend the terms. The Maine Public Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Consolidated Plan. That report may be obtained online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

Benefits Provided

The Maine Public Employees Retirement System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The System's retirement programs provide defined retirement benefits based on members' average final compensation and service credit earned as of retirement. Vesting (i.e., eligibility for benefits upon reaching qualification) occurs upon the earning of five years of service credit (effective October 1, 1999, the prior ten-year requirement was reduced by legislative action to five years for employees of PLDs). In some cases, vesting occurs on the earning of one year of service credit immediately preceding retirement at or after normal retirement age. For PLD members, normal retirement age is 60. The monthly benefit of members who retire before normal retirement age by virtue of having at least 25 years of service credit is reduced by a statutorily prescribed factor for each year of age that a member is below her/his normal retirement age at retirement. The System also provides disability and death benefits which are established by contract with PLD employers under applicable statutory provisions. As of June 30, 2020, there were 301 employers in the plan.

Upon termination of membership, members' accumulated employee contributions are refundable with interest, credited in accordance with statute. Withdrawal of accumulated contributions results in forfeiture of all benefits and membership rights. The annual rate of interest credited to members' accounts is set by the System's Board of Trustees and is currently 1.92%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Retirement benefits are funded by contributions from members and employers and by earnings on investments. Disability and death benefits are funded by employer normal cost contributions and by investment earnings. The Town's plan members are required to contribute 8.0% of their annual covered salary and the Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 9.5% of covered payroll. The contribution rates of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Maine Public Employee Retirement Systems advisory group. The Town's contribution to the MainePERS PLD Consolidated Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$26,145.

STATE EMPLOYEE AND TEACHER PLAN

Plan Description

All school teachers, plus other qualified educators, participate in the Maine Public Employees Retirement System's (MainePERS) State Employee and Teacher (SET) Plan. The teacher's program is a multi-employer cost-sharing plan with a special funding situation, established by the Maine State Legislature. The State of Maine is also a non-employer contributing entity in that the State pays the initial unfunded actuarial liability on behalf of teachers, while school districts contribute the normal cost, calculated actuarially, for their teacher members. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Maine Public Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial and actuarial information for the SET Plan. That report may be obtained online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

Benefits Provided

The Maine Public Employees Retirement System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State Legislature. The System's retirement programs provide defined retirement benefits based on members' average final compensation and service credit earned as of retirement. Vesting (i.e., eligibility for benefits upon reaching qualification) occurs upon the earning of five years of service credit (effective October 1, 1999, the prior ten year requirement was reduced by legislative action to five years for State employees and teachers). In some cases, vesting occurs on the earning of one year of service credit immediately preceding retirement at or after normal retirement age. Normal retirement age for State employees and teachers is age 60, 62 or 65. The normal retirement age is

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

determined by whether a member had met certain creditable service requirements on specific dates, as established by statute. The monthly benefit of members who retire before normal retirement age by virtue of having at least 25 years of service credit is reduced by a statutorily prescribed factor for each year of age that a member is below her/his normal retirement age at retirement. The System also provides disability and death benefits which are established by statute for State employee and teacher members. As of June 30, 2020, there were 237 employers, including the State of Maine, participating in the plan.

Upon termination of membership, members' accumulated employee contributions are refundable with interest, credited in accordance with statute. Withdrawal of accumulated contributions results in forfeiture of all benefits and membership rights. The annual rate of interest credited to members' accounts is set by the System's Board of Trustees and is currently 1.92%.

Contributions

Retirement benefits are funded by contributions from members and employers and by earnings on investments. The Town's teachers are required to contribute 7.65% of their compensation to the retirement system. The Town's payroll for teachers covered by this program was approximately \$1,880,114 for the year ended June 30, 2021. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated requires the State to contribute 14.33% of the Town's contractually required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability (UAL). Contributions paid by the State were approximately \$269,420 for the year ended June 30, 2021. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated also requires the Town to contribute at an actuarially determined normal cost rate of 4.19%, which totaled \$76,731 for 2021. In addition, the Town is required to contribute toward the UAL of the plan and pay a small percentage of payroll towards the administrative costs for federally funded teachers, which amounts to 14.96% of compensation and totaled \$7,745 the year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities

PLD Consolidated Plan

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a liability of \$152,592 for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities for the plan. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liabilities were based on a projection of the Town's long-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

term share of contributions to each pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all PLDs, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the Town's proportion was 0.038406%, which was an increase of 0.00495% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

SET Plan

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the Town. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 61,014
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	2,218,415
Total	\$ 2,279,429

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school units and the State actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020 the Town's proportion was 0.003738%, which was a decrease of 0.00048% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized total pension expense of \$16,694 for the PLD plan and net expense of \$283,479 and revenue of \$294,180 for support provided by the State of Maine for the SET plan. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

	PLD Plan				SET Plan			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	9,157	\$	1,678	\$	1,951	\$	1,293
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		9,929		-		2,530		-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		10.897		627		_		6,754
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		26,145				84,476		
Total	\$	56,128	\$	2,305	\$	88,957	\$	8,047

\$26,145 for the PLD plan and \$84,476 for the SET plan were reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

PLD Plan			SET Plan	
Plan year ended June 30:				
2021	\$	43	\$	(5,425)
2022		10,749		(2,609)
2023		8,434		2,246
2024		8,453		2,222
2025		-		-
Thereafter		-		-

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The respective collective total pension liability for the plans was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial funding method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, the total employer contribution rate consists of two elements: the normal cost rate and the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) rate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

The individual entry age normal method is used to determine liabilities. Under the individual entry age normal method, a normal cost rate is calculated for each employee. This rate is determined by taking the value, as of age at entry into the plan, of the member's projected future benefits and dividing it by the value, also as of the member's entry age and of his or her expected future salary. The normal cost for each employee is the product of his or her pay and his or her normal cost rate. The normal cost for the group is the sum of the normal costs for all members.

Experience gains and losses, i.e., actual decreases or increases in liabilities and/or in assets which differ from the actuarial assumptions, affect the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Asset Valuation Method

The actuarial valuation employs a technique for determining the actuarial value of assets which reduces the impact of short-term volatility in the market value. The specific technique adopted in this valuation recognizes in a given year one-third of the investment return that is different from the actuarial assumption for investment return.

Amortization

The net pension liability of the PLD Consolidated Plan is amortized on a level percentage of payroll using a method where a separate twenty-year closed period is established annually for the gain or loss for that year.

The net pension liability of the State Employee and Teacher Retirement Plan is amortized on a level percentage of payroll over the amortization period then in effect under statutory and constitutional requirements.

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for funding purposes as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Investment Rate of Return - For the PLD and State Employee and Teacher Plans, 6.75% per annum for the year ended June 30, 2020, compounded annually.

Salary Increases, Merit and Inflation - Members of the consolidated plan for PLDs, 2.75%; state employees, 2.75%; teachers, 2.75% per year.

Mortality Rates - For active members and non-disabled retirees of the PLD Consolidated and State Employee and Teacher Plans, the RP2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females, is used. For all

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

recipients of disability benefits, the RP2014 Total Dataset Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females, is used.

Cost of Living Benefit Increases - for PLD Consolidated 1.91% and Teacher Plans, 2.20% per annum for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major class of assets. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table.

		Long-term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Public equities	30.0%	6.0%
US Government	7.5%	2.3%
Private equity	15.0%	7.6%
Real assets:		
Real estate	10.0%	5.2%
Infrastructure	10.0%	5.3%
Natural resources	5.0%	5.0%
Traditional Credit	7.5%	3.0%
Alternative Credit	5.0%	7.2%
Diversifiers	10.0%	5.9%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the collective total pension liability was 6.75% for 2020 for each of the Plans. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and non-employer entity contributions will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

The following table shows how the collective net pension liability as of June 30, 2020 would change if the discount rate used was one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate. The current rate is 6.75% for each of the Plans.

	[1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
PLD Plan: Discount rate		5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	320,687	\$ 102,278	\$ 14,994
SET Plan: Discount rate		5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	105,815	\$ 61,889	\$ 23,672

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Each employer's share of the collective net pension liability is equal to the collective net pension liability multiplied by the employer's proportionate share as of June 30, 2020 as shown in the schedules of employer and non-employer contributing entity allocations. Changes in net pension liability are recognized in pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 with the following exceptions.

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resource. For 2020, this was three years for the SET Plan and the PLD Consolidated Plan. For 2019, this was three years for the SET Plan and four years for the PLD Consolidated Plan. For 2018 and 2017, this was three years for both plans; prior to 2017, this was four years for the PLD Consolidated Plan.

Differences between Expected and Actual Investment Earnings

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The actuarial assumptions used for the year ended June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2015. Please refer to the *Actuarial Methods and Assumptions* section for information relating to changes of assumptions. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

Changes in Proportion and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions

Differences resulting from a change in proportionate share of contributions and differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions may arise when an employer has a contribution requirement for an employer specific liability.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to the Plan can be found in the MainePERS' 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report available online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100

NOTE 14 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The School Department offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 403. The plan, available to all school employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. There is no employer match by the Town or the School Department. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseen emergency.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 14 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (CONTINUED)

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) to be held in a trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

It is the opinion of the Town and the School Department's management that the Town and the School Department have no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor.

NOTE 15 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLAN

MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

STATE EMPLOYEE AND TEACHER PLAN

Plan Description

All School teachers, plus other qualified educators, participate in the Maine Public Employees Retirement System's (MainePERS) State Employee and Teacher (SET) Plan. The teacher's program is a multi-employer cost-sharing plan with a special funding situation, established by the Maine State Legislature. The State of Maine is also a non-employer contributing entity in that the State pays the initial unfunded actuarial liability on behalf of teachers, while school districts contribute the normal cost, calculated actuarially, for their teacher members. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the State Legislature. As of June 30, 2020, there were 233 employers, including the State of Maine, participating in the plan. The Maine Public Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial and actuarial information for the SET Plan. That report may be obtained online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (800) 451-9800.

Benefits Provided

The Group Life Insurance Plan (the Plan) provides basic group life insurance benefits, during retirement, to retirees who participated in the Plan prior to retirement for a minimum of 10 years (the 10-year participation requirement does not apply to recipients of disability retirement benefits). The level of coverage in retirement is initially set to an amount equal to the retiree's average final compensation. The initial amount of basic life is then subsequently reduced at the rate of 15% per year to the greater of 40% of the initial amount or \$2,500.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 15 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Life insurance benefits are funded by contributions from members and employers. Premium rates are those determined by the MainePERS's Board of Trustees to be actuarially sufficient to pay anticipated claims. For Department's teachers, the premiums for retiree life insurance coverage are factored into the premiums paid for basic coverage while participants are active members. Premiums for basic life insurance coverage for retired teachers are paid by the State as the total dollar amount of each year's annual required contribution. The State participates in the SET Plan as a non-employer contributing entity in that the State pays the actuarially determined premium contributions associated with retired teachers. The State's contribution to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$3,974.

OPEB Liabilities and OPEB Expense

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District was as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Town	42,154
Total	\$ 42,154

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized net OPEB expense of \$4,668 and revenue of \$4,668 for support provided by the State of Maine.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLAN

MAINE EDUCATION ASSOCIATION BENEFITS TRUST

Plan Description

The State of Maine and School retirees contribute to the School's OPEB Plan with the Maine Education Association Benefits Trust (MEABT), a single employer defined benefit plan. Contributions and membership in this Plan are voluntary and may be terminated at any time by the State, the School and/or the School retirees. MEABT is a fully funded, self-insured trust which provides benefits to education organizations and acts as the agent to the School concerning administration of this Plan. Title 24-A Chapter 81 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated authorizes the regulation of MEABT as a Multiple Employer Welfare Arrangement by the State of Maine Bureau of Insurance. Benefits and plans are designed and governed by MEABT participants and are administered by a number of third-party administrators contracted by MEABT. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criterial of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. MEABT issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by contacting MEABT at (888) 622-4418.

Benefits Provided

This Plan provides medical/prescription drug benefits during retirement to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees and their spouses with varying levels of benefits determined by voluntary plan selection by the retiree as well as applicable Medicare statutes and regulations. The employee must have participated in a plan for the 12 months prior to retirement and have 10 years (under age 50) or 5 years (age 50 or above) of continuous active service and enrollment in the health plan to be eligible for this Plan. The retiree who terminates coverage may elect to re-enroll in coverage if they participated in the health plan for 12 months prior to terminating coverage, as long as re-enrollment occurs within 5 years from coverage termination and as long as the retiree is not past age 62. The retiree must have maintained continuous health insurance coverage during the break in coverage with MEABT to be eligible for re-enrollment and is only eligible for re-enrollment once.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLAN (CONTINUED)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active members	41
Retirees and spouses	2
Total	43

Cost Sharing Provisions/Contributions

Retirees are eligible for a State subsidy of 45% of the blended single premium for the retiree. The blended premium is determined by blending rates for active members and retired members, as determined by State law. The retiree contributes the remaining 55% of blended single premium and spouse must contribute 100% of the blended premium amount coverage elected.

Employee/Retiree Premium Amounts:

The following monthly premium amounts were reported on the individual data file. Actual plan election was reflected in expected retiree premium amounts.

Pre-Medicare	Employee	Employee/	Employee/	<u>Family</u>
		<u>Spouse</u>	<u>Child(ren)</u>	
Choice Plus	\$830	\$1,870	\$1,469	\$2,276
Standard \$200 Ded	\$896	\$2,020	\$1,586	\$2,458
Medicare		. ,		
Medicare-Eligible	\$393	\$787	N/A	N/A
Retirees				

Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the School reported a liability of \$351,399 for its total OPEB liability for this Plan. The total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's total OPEB liability was based on the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method which does not reflect future changes in benefits, subsidies, penalties, taxes or administrative costs that may be required as a result of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 (ACA) related legislation and regulations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLAN (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School recognized OPEB revenue of \$38,024. At June 30, 2021, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	MEABT				
	Deferre	ed Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of Resources		of Resource		
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$	-	\$	41,437	
Changes of assumptions		93,971		10,615	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		_	
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		(312)			
Total	\$	93,659	\$	52,052	

(\$312) were reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	N	MEABT		
Plan year ended June 30:				
2021	\$	5,846		
2022		5,846		
2023		5,846		
2024		5,846		
2025		8,496		
Thereafter		10,042		

Discount Rate

The discount rate is the assumed interest rate used for converting projected dollar related values to a present value as of June 30, 2020. The discount rate determination is based on the high-quality AA/Aa or higher bond yields in effect for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds using the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index. The rate of 2.21% per annum for June 30, 2020 was based upon a

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLAN (CONTINUED)

measurement date of June 25, 2020. The sensitivity of total OPEB liability to changes in discount rate are as follows:

	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		1.21%		2.21%		3.21%
Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	431,265 -	\$	351,399 -	\$	288,989
Net OPEB liability	\$	431,265	\$	351,399	\$	288,989
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Healthcare Trend

The healthcare trend is the assumed dollar increase in dollar-related values in the future due to the increase in the cost of health care. The healthcare cost trend rate is the rate of change in per capita health claim costs over time as a result of factors such as medical inflation, utilization of healthcare services, plan design and technological developments. The sensitivity of total OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates are as follows:

	 1% Decrease	 ealthcare end Rates	 1% Increase
Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 281,789 -	\$ 351,399 -	\$ 444,293 -
Net OPEB liability	\$ 281,789	\$ 351,399	\$ 444,293
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, a normal cost rate is determined as a level percent of pay for each active Plan member and then summed to produce the total normal cost for this Plan. The unfunded actuarial liability is the difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets.

Assumptions

The demographic actuarial assumptions are the Teacher assumptions that were used by the Maine Public Employees Retirement System State Employee and Teacher Retirement Program valuation at June 30, 2021 and are based on the experience study covering the period from June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2020. The proposed assumptions were adopted by the Board of Trustees at their March 11, 2021.

The economic assumptions are based on GASB 75 paragraph 36. Since the Plan is not funded via a qualified trust, the discount rates are selected based on the 20-year tax-exempt bond buyer rates as of the measurement dates. The other economic assumptions, ie trend rates, were developed based on historical and future projections of long term health care rates:

Discount Rate - 2.21% per annum for year-end 2020 reporting, 3.50% per annum for year-end 2019 reporting.

Trend Assumptions:

Health care trend assumptions used were developed using the Society of Actuaries (SOA) Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model version 2021_b. The following assumptions were applied in this model as below:

Trend Assumption Inputs

Variable	Rate	
Rate of Inflation	2.00%	
Rate of Growth in Real Income/GDP per capita 2030+	1.23%	
Extra Trend due to Taste/Technology 2030+	1.10%	
Expected Health Share of GDP 2030	20.0%	
Health Share of GDP Resistance Point	25.0%	
Year for Limiting Cost Growth to GDP Growth	2040	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLAN (CONTINUED)

The SOA Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model and its baseline projection are based on an econometric analysis of historical U.S. medical expenditures and the judgments of experts in the field. The long-run baseline projection and input variables have been developed under the guidance of the SOA Project Oversight Group. Sample medical trends are listed in the table below.

Pre-Medicare - Initial trend of 6.21% applied in FYE 2020 and 6.83% applied in FYE 2020 grading over 18 years to 3.25% per annum.

Medicare - Initial trend of 0.0% applied in FYE 2021 and 6.30% applied in FYE 2022 grading over 18 years to 3.25% per annum.

Future plan changes - Assumes that the current Plan and cost-sharing structure remain in place for all future years.

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for demographic purposes are the assumptions that were adopted by Maine Public Employees Retirement System State Employee and Teacher Retirement Program at June 30, 2018 and based on the experience study covering the period from June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2015. As of June 30, 2018, they are as follows:

Retirement Rates - Rates vary for plans based on age and service

Rates of Turnover - Rates vary for plans based on service

Disability Incidence - Rates vary for plans based on age

Retirement Contribution Increases - Assumed to increase at the same rate as incurred claims

Family Enrollment Composition - It is assumed that 80% is married with an eligible spouse.

Age Difference of Spouses - Husbands are assumed to be 3 years older than wives.

Administrative expenses - Included in the per capita claims cost

Salary Increase Rate - 2.75% per year assumed using the level percentage of pay entry age method

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLAN (CONTINUED)

Salaries - Salaries were not provided by the client. Assumed salaries are inferred using the Teachers Age/Service Salary scatter from the Maine State Teachers Retirement System's salary age/service scatter from the June 30, 2020 Maine Public Employees Retirement System State Employee and Teacher Retirement Program valuation. Based on the dates of hire assumed above and the participant's actual age, pay was assigned using the salary age service scatter, unless otherwise supplied by the district group during its review of the active data.

Dates of Hire - Were not available from the client and were available from the State Retirement Agency. Dates of hire were assumed to be the midpoint of each service group. Those under 1 year of service, the date was assumed to be January 1, 2018 and all other groups were assumed to be hired on July 1 of each service midpoint.

Rate of Mortality:

Healthy Annuitants: Based on the 2010 Public Plan Teacher Benefits Weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table adjusted as follows:

- 98.1% and 87.5% respectively of the rates for males before age 85 and females before age 80
- 106.4% and 122.3% respectively of the rates for males on and after age 85 and females on and after age 80

Rates are projected generationally using the RPEC_2020 model, with an ultimate rate of 1.00% for ages 80 and under, grading down to 0.05% at age 95, and further grading down to 0.00% at age 115, along with convergence to the ultimate rates in the year 2027. All other parameters used in the RPEC_2020 model are those included in the published MP-2020 scale.

Healthy Employees: Based on 93.1% and 91.9% of the 2010 Public Plan Teacher Benefits Weighted Employee Mortality Table, respectively, for males and females. These rates are generationally projected using the same version of the RPEC_2020 model as described in the healthy annuitant mortality.

Disabled Annuitants: Based on 94.2% and 123.8% of the 2010 Public Plan Non-Safety Benefits-Weighted Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, respectively, for males and females. These rates are generationally

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLAN (CONTINUED)

projected using the same version of the RPEC_2020 model described in the healthy annuitant mortality.

Retiree Continuation Percentage:

Retirees who are currently in the Medicare Advantage Plan (Medicare participants) are assumed to remain in the Medicare Advantage Plan.

Retirees who are over the age of 65 and enrolled in a Pre-Medicare plan are assumed to never be eligible for Medicare and are assumed to remain enrolled in the Pre-Medicare plan.

Retirees who are currently under the age of 64 and enrolled in a Pre-Medicare plan are assumed to be eligible for Medicare and are assumed to remain in the Pre-Medicare Plan until age 64 and enroll in the Medicare Advantage Plan at age 65.

Spouses who are currently in a Pre-Medicare plan will follow the same assumptions as the retired member. Thus if the member is never eligible for Medicare, the spouse is not either.

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for claims and expense purposes are the based on the actual community rated premiums of the entire group. As of June 30, 2019, they are as follows:

Monthly Per Capital Claims and Expense Cost - Claims are based on community rated premiums through June 30, 2018 and projects through 2019 and associate enrollment in the various options offered. Annual administrative and claims adjudication expenses are assumed to be included in the annual premiums.

Medical Plan Election - Employees are assumed to continue in their current medical plan for their entire career. 50% of retirees are assumed to switch from the Choice Plan to the Standard Plan.

Medicare Eligibility - Assumed to be age 65, with the exception of retirees over age 65 who are not in the Group Companion Plan, all retirees under age 64 and current actives with a date of hire before 3/31/1986.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) MEDICAL PLAN (CONTINUED)

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 with the following exceptions:

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. As of July 1, 2017, this average was 8 years. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, there were no differences between expected and actual experience.

Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic, demographic or claim and expense factors or other inputs are recognized in OPEB expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive Plan members. As of July 1, 2017, this average was 8 years. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. The amortization period was six years for year ending June 30, 2019. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, there were no changes in assumptions.

Differences between Projected and Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to this Plan can be found at the Town Treasurer's Office at 35 H Road, Acton, Maine 04001.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 17 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

The Town of Acton's landfill is at 100% capacity to date. Therefore, the estimated remaining landfill life is zero years. Federal and state laws require that certain post closure care be met. The Town estimates that on an annual basis, some immaterial costs will be incurred for post closure care. The annual amount will be paid for within the Town's annual operating budget.

NOTE 18 - OVERLAPPING DEBT

The Town is responsible for its proportionate share of County debt. As of June 30, 2021, the Town's share was as follows:

	Οι	utstanding	Town's	Total		
		Debt	Percentage	Share		
County of York	\$	900,000	1.82%	\$	16,380	

NOTE 19 - OPERATING LEASES

A summary of the outstanding operating leases payables are as follows:

The Town leases a copier from Xerox Financial Systems, under a lease agreement dated March 30, 2019. The lease term is for 60 months ending in March 2023. Monthly payments are \$79.

The Town leases a copier from Budget Document Technology, under a lease agreement dated January 4, 2020. The lease term is for 60 months ending in December of 2024. Monthly payments are \$138.

Future minimum lease payments at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30:	
2022	\$ 2,604
2023	2,367
2024	1,656
2025	 828
Total lease payments	\$ 7,455

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 20 - COMMITMENTS

The Town of Acton, Maine, has entered a contract for law enforcement services with the County of York, Maine. The contract term is for three years beginning January 1, 2020 and ending December 31, 2022. The Town of Shapleigh participates with the Town of Acton in the contract with a cost-sharing formula of 50% for each town. The annual contract cost is calculated on actual salary and fringe benefits and other related operating expenses less federal grant funding and is estimated as follows:

Fiscal Years	
Ending	
June 30,	Amount
2022	\$ 46,000

For the twelve months ended June 30, 2021, the total contract cost was \$40,781. All future contract amounts are subject to annual appropriation by the Town of Acton.

NOTE 21 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the Town carries commercial insurance or participates in a public entity and self-insured risk pool sponsored by the Maine Municipal and the Maine School Management Associations.

Based on the coverage provided by the insurance purchased, the Town is not aware of any material actual or potential claim liabilities which should be recorded as of June 30, 2021. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from that of the prior year and amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

NOTE 22 - CONTINGENCIES

With regard to pending legal claims or any unasserted claims, it is not feasible at this time to predict or determine their outcome. Management believes, however, that settlement amounts, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 22 - CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The Town participates in various intergovernmental grant programs which may be subject to future program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the Town's compliance with applicable grant requirement may be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the disallowance of expenditures or ineligibility of grant revenues cannot be determined at this time.

The Town's School Department receives education subsidy funding payments through the State of Maine. The State subsidy payment amount is adjusted quarterly for the Town's School Department share of MaineCare Seed, which is the required local share of MaineCare revenue that the State pays on behalf of the Town's School Department and then recovers through the ED 279. Adjustments made by the State in the fiscal year of 2020 could include expenditures from the fiscal year of 2021 that would normally be accrued. The actual amount cannot be determined at this time. However, it is the position of the Town's School Department that this practice is consistent with the formal recommendation of the Maine Department of Education to all Maine units concerning this matter.

NOTE 23 - RELATED PARTIES

The Road Commissioners are paid an hourly wage and the Town rents equipment from their private business, for which the Town issues a 1099 to the business. The salaries and equipment rates are set by town meeting.

NOTE 24 - COMPARATIVE DATA/RECLASSIFICATIONS

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the Town's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year's data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

NOTE 25 - RESTATEMENTS

The governmental funds have been restated at July 1, 2020 to account for the reclassification of funds from fiduciary to governmental as required by the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities". The beginning net position for governmental activities and the special revenue funds total fund balance were restated by \$16,579. The resulting restatement increased net position for governmental activities from \$7,675,368 to \$7,691,947 and special revenue funds total fund balance from \$37,776 to \$54,355.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 25 - RESTATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Also in 2021 the School determined that certain transactions in prior years had been recorded incorrectly, therefore, a restatement to the 2020 fund financial statements was required. The beginning net position for governmental activities and education fund restricted fund balance was restated by \$2,874 to correct errors to cash. The resulting restatements decreased the net position for governmental activities from \$7,691,947 to \$7,689,073 and decreased the education fund restricted fund balance from \$1,774,526 to \$1,771,652.

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual -General Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual -Education Fund
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Contributions Pensions
- Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability MEABT Plan
- Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios -MEABT Plan
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability SET Plan
- Schedule of Contributions OPEB
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

							,	Variance
		Budgeted	Am			Actual		Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (Inflows):	\$	2,453,132	\$	2,453,132	\$	2,453,132	\$	-
Property taxes		6,964,697		6,964,697		7,063,273		98,576
Excise taxes		514,000		514,000		723,780		209,780
Intergovernmental		292,311		292,311		441,558		149,247
Charges for services		199,650		199,650		306,629		106,979
Investment income		30,000		30,000		32,348		2,348
Other revenue		92,663		92,663		144,488		51,825
Loan proceeds		-		328,490		328,490		-
Amounts Available for Appropriation		10,546,453		10,874,943		11,493,698		618,755
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):								
General government		1,002,034		1,002,034		909,816		92,218
Public safety		718,280		718,280		656,372		61,908
Public works		1,452,964		1,452,964		861,077		591,887
Social services		71,188		71,188		71,188		-
Recreation		25,317		25,317		16,439		8,878
General assistance		3,000		3,000		-		3,000
County tax		327,135		327,135		327,135		_
Other		170,240		607,053		500,509		106,544
Total Charges to Appropriations		8,689,202		9,126,015		8,261,580		864,435
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	1,857,251	\$	1,748,928	\$	3,232,118	\$	1,483,190
Utilization of committed fund balance	\$	-	\$	69,913	\$	-	\$	(69,913)
Utilization of assigned fund balance		380,881		419,291		-		(419,291)
Utilization of unassigned fund balance	Φ.	215,000	Φ.	215,000	_		_	(215,000)
	\$	595,881	\$	704,204	\$		\$	(704,204)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - EDUCATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	I	/ariance Positive legative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1, Restated	\$	1,771,652	\$	1,771,652	\$	1,771,652	\$	_
Resources (Inflows):	*	.,,	•	.,,	•	.,,	•	
Property Taxes Assessed		4,919,044		-		-		-
Intergovernmental Revenues:								
State Subsidy		422,155		422,155		446,631		24,476
Federal Subsidy		-		-		70,876		70,876
Charges for Services		80,000		80,000		1,033		(78,967)
Interest Income		-		-		1,656		1,656
Other		-		-		31,548		31,548
Transfers from Other Funds		-		4,919,044		4,919,044		
Amounts Available for Appropriation		7,192,851		7,192,851		7,242,440		49,589
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):								
Regular Instruction		2,614,733		2,614,733		2,469,906		144,827
Special Education		1,125,969		1,125,969		936,901		189,068
Other Instruction		55,720		55,720		16,236		39,484
Student and Staff Support		568,807		568,807		540,864		27,943
System Administration		223,431		223,431		212,287		11,144
School Administration		143,329		143,329		141,718		1,611
Transportation		290,000		290,000		283,920		6,080
Facilities Maintenance		458,666		458,666		437,996		20,670
All Other Expenditures		147,544		147,544		120,802		26,742
Total Charges to Appropriations		5,628,199		5,628,199		5,160,630		467,569
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	1,564,652	\$	1,564,652	\$	2,081,810	\$	(517,158)
Utilization of Assigned Fund Balance	\$	207,000	\$	207,000	\$	_	\$	207,000

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

DI D Diam.		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
PLD Plan: Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension		0.038%		0.033%		0.034%		0.032%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
liability Covered payroll Proportionate share of the net pension	\$ \$	152,592 340,446	\$ \$	102,278 247,830	\$ \$	92,725 276,812	\$ \$	130,889 249,774	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	- -	\$ \$	- -
liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		44.82%		41.27%		33.50%		52.40%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
of the total pension liability		88.35%		90.62%		91.14%		86.43%		86.40%		81.61%		88.30%
SET Plan:														
Town's proportion of the net pension liability Town's proportionate share of the net pension		0.004%		0.004%		0.005%		0.006%		0.005%		0.009%		0.009%
liability	\$	61,014	\$	61,889	\$	62,358	\$	90,014	\$	93,227	\$	121,335	\$	93,060
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town		2,218,415		2,012,301		2,045,938		2,047,685	\$	2,122,536	\$	2,144,365	\$ ^	1,436,353
Total	\$	2,279,429	\$ 2	2,074,190	\$	2,108,296	\$	2,137,699	\$	2,215,763	\$	2,265,700	\$ ^	1,529,413
Town's covered payroll Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered	\$	1,787,682	\$	1,845,336	\$	1,858,677	\$	1,782,507	\$	1,508,269	\$	1,918,273	\$ ^	1,605,351
payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		3.41%		3.35%		3.35%		5.05%		6.18%		6.33%		5.80%
of the total pension liability		81.03%		84.52%		85.17%		80.78%		80.80%		81.20%		83.91%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	 2021	2020	 2019	2018	2017	 2016	 2015
PLD Plan:							
Contractually required contribution	\$ 26,145	\$ 24,281	\$ 20,469	\$ 18,872	\$ 16,385	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (26,145)	 (24,281)	 (20,469)	(18,872)	 (16,385)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 	\$ _	\$
Covered payroll	\$ 356,587	\$ 340,446	\$ 247,830	\$ 276,812	\$ 249,774	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.33%	7.13%	8.26%	6.82%	6.56%	0.00%	0.00%
SET Plan:							
Contractually required contribution	\$ 84,476	\$ 83,352	\$ 71,754	\$ 83,410	\$ 67,798	\$ 58,500	\$ 64,869
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (84,476)	 (83,352)	(71,754)	(83,410)	 (67,798)	(58,500)	 (64,869)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 						
Town's covered payroll	\$ 1,880,114	\$ 1,787,682	\$ 1,845,336	\$ 1,858,677	\$ 1,782,507	\$ 1,508,269	\$ 1,918,273
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	4.49%	4.66%	3.89%	4.49%	3.80%	3.88%	3.38%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEABT PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Increase (Decrease)

	et OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)		
Balances at 6/30/2019 (Reporting June 30, 2020)	\$ 356,122	\$ -	\$ 356,122		
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	5,406	-	5,406		
Interest	12,641	-	12,641		
Changes of benefits	(62,229)	-	(62,229)		
Differences between expected and actual experience	(47,357)	-	(47,357)		
Changes of assumptions	87,507	-	87,507		
Contributions - employer	-	691	(691)		
Contributions - member	-	-	-		
Net investment income	-	-	-		
Benefit payments	(691)	(691)	-		
Administrative expense			 		
Net changes	(4,723)		(4,723)		
Balances at 6/30/2020 (Reporting June 30, 2021)	\$ 351,399	\$ -	\$ 351,399		

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MEABT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	2020			2019		2018
Total OPEB liability Service cost (BOY) Interest (includes interest on service cost) Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,406 12,641 (62,229) (47,357)	\$	4,461 12,361 -	\$	4,855 11,527 -
Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		87,507 (691)		24,364 -		(18,574) -
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(4,723)	\$	41,186	\$	(2,192)
Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ \$	356,122 351,399	\$ \$	314,936 356,122	\$ \$	317,128 314,936
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense Net change in fiduciary net position		- - - - -		- - - - -		- - - - -
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ \$	<u>-</u>	\$ \$	- -	\$ \$	- -
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	351,399	\$	356,122	\$	314,936
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		-		-		-
Covered payroll Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	1,808,997 19.4%	\$	1,977,394 18.0%	\$	1,924,471 16.4%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

SET Life Insurance:	2021 2020		2019		2018	
Proportion of the net OPEB liability Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 0.000%	\$	0.000%	\$ 0.000%	\$	0.000%
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Town Total	\$ 42,154 42,154	\$	43,175 43,175	\$ 43,495 43,495	\$	37,423 37,423
Covered payroll Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	\$ 1,787,682 0.00%	\$	1,845,336 0.00%	\$ 1,858,677 0.00%	\$	1,782,507 0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	55.40%		49.51%	49.22%		48.04%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

		2021		2020		2019
MEABT:						
Employer contributions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Benefit payments Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-
Contribution denoisincy (excess)	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
Covered payroll	\$	1,808,997	\$	1,977,394	\$	1,924,471
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
SET Life Insurance:		2021		2020		2019
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
required contribution						
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	1,880,114 0.00%	\$	1,787,682 0.00%	\$	1,845,336 0.00%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2021

Changes of Assumptions

MEABT OPEB Plan

There was a change in the discount rate from 3.50% to 2.21% per GASB 75 discount rate selection. There was also an updated census, demographic assumptions and economic assumptions.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues
- Schedule of Departmental Operations General Fund
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Permanent Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Permanent Funds
- Schedule of General Capital Assets by Function
- Schedule of Changes in General Capital Assets by Function

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND REVENUES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Original	Final			Actual	′ariance Positive
		Budget		Budget		Amounts	legative)
Resources (Inflows):							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$	6,964,697	\$	6,964,697	\$	7,063,273	\$ 98,576
Motor vehicle excise		500,000		500,000		704,849	204,849
Boat excise		14,000		14,000		18,931	4,931
Intergovernmental revenues:							
State revenue sharing		116,056		116,056		162,023	45,967
Homestead exemption		155,457		155,457		155,457	(0)
Local road assistance		_		-		48,388	48,388
Tree growth		20,000		20,000		17,066	(2,934)
Other federal/state/local funds		798		798		58,624	57,826
Charges for services:							
Town clerk fees		12,000		12,000		19,324	7,324
Building permits		95,000		95,000		147,612	52,612
Plumbing permits		10,000		10,000		15,822	5,822
Animal control fees		1,500		1,500		1,415	(85)
Planning board fees		-		-		230	230
Appeals board fees		-		-		700	700
Marriage licenses		400		400		1,044	644
Rescue services		80,000		80,000		112,441	32,441
Other		750		750		8,041	7,291
Investment income, net of unrealize	ed						
gains/(losses)		30,000		30,000		32,348	2,348
Other revenues:							
Recycling income		20,000		20,000		26,418	6,418
Transfer station		-		-		300	300
Cable access		34,463		34,463		35,022	559
Interest and fees on taxes		35,000		35,000		41,111	6,111
Proceeds from sale of assets		-		-		9,387	9,387
Misc. other		3,200		3,200		32,250	29,050
Loan proceeds				328,490		328,490	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	\$	8,093,321	\$	8,421,811	\$	9,040,566	\$ 618,755

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments		Final Budget	Expenditures	Variance Positive (Negative)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Governing body	\$ 30,27	1 \$	- \$	30,271	\$ 30,285	\$ (14)
Town gym expenses	72	0	-	720	336	384
General office assistant	64,10	0	-	64,100	65,107	(1,007)
Municipal management	532,69	0	-	532,690	476,776	55,914
Elections	7,95	9	-	7,959	6,858	1,101
Registrar of voters	4,57	0	-	4,570	4,569	1
Land use	175,84	4	-	175,844	146,364	29,480
Finance/treasury	52,18	8	-	52,188	52,150	38
Town clerk/tax collector	89,29	2	-	89,292	88,021	1,271
Assessment and revaluations	44,40	0		44,400	39,350	5,050
Total	1,002,03	4		1,002,034	909,816	92,218
PUBLIC SAFETY						
Fire/rescue services	664,18	3	_	664,183	602,613	61,570
Communications	33,14	7	-	33,147	33,550	(403)
Animal control	17,21	2	-	17,212	16,594	618
EMA	1,93	8	-	1,938	1,938	-
Street lights	1,80	0	-	1,800	1,677	123
Total	718,28	0		718,280	656,372	61,908
PUBLIC WORKS						
Transfer station	296,27	6	-	296,276	282,672	13,604
District 1	447,77	9	-	447,779	315,747	132,032
District 2	524,84	6	-	524,846	165,598	359,248
Sand/salt stockpile	163,02	5	-	163,025	85,647	77,378
Public works buildings/equipment	21,03	8		21,038	11,413	9,625
Total	1,452,96	4		1,452,964	861,077	591,887
RECREATION	25,31	7		25,317	16,439	8,878
GENERAL ASSISTANCE	3,00	0	<u> </u>	3,000		3,000
COUNTY TAX	327,13	5	<u> </u>	327,135	327,135	

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_		Budget Final justments Budget		Variance Positive (Negative)
SOCIAL SERVICES					
Donations	71,188	-	71,188	71,188	-
Total	71,188		71,188	71,188	
OTHER					
Health officer	259	-	259	258	1
Mary Grant	-	196	196	196	-
Neighbors helping neighbors	-	16,357	16,357	16,357	-
Cemeteries	10,509	-	10,509	3,583	6,926
Cable access	45,583	-	45,583	40,614	4,969
Town forestry/logging	1,557	-	1,557	1,077	480
Roads	-	17,907	17,907	17,907	-
Dams	10,900	-	10,900	5,900	5,000
Overlay	55,192	-	55,192	-	55,192
Capital reserve	2,000	398,403	400,403	399,203	1,200
Fire department donations	-	1,799	1,799	1,799	-
FEMA expenses	29,240	2,151	31,391	2,152	29,239
Emergency and capital improvements	15,000	-	15,000	11,463	3,537
Total	170,240	436,813	607,053	500,509	106,544
TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS					
Education fund	4,919,044	_	4,919,044	4,919,044	_
Total	4,919,044		4,919,044	4,919,044	
TOTAL DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS	\$ 8,689,202	\$ 436,813	\$ 9,126,015	\$ 8,261,580	\$ 864,435

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

						Total
		pecial				lonmajor
		evenue	Pe	ermanent	Gov	vernmental
	F	unds		Funds		Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	16,015	\$	71,089	\$	87,104
Investments		2,741		167,054		169,795
Due from other governments		11,847		-		11,847
Due from other funds				30,610		30,610
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	30,603	\$	268,753	\$	299,356
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		11,847		30,610		42,457
TOTAL LIABILITIES		11,847		146,039		157,886
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)						
Nonspendable		-		-		-
Restricted		-		122,714		122,714
Committed		-		-		-
Assigned		18,756		-		18,756
Unassigned						_
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		18,756		122,714		141,470
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND						
BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	30,603	\$	268,753	\$	299,356

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds	Pe	ermanent Funds	Total lonmajor vernmental Funds
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenue Investment income, net of unrealized	\$ 615,528	\$	-	\$ 615,528
gains/(losses) TOTAL REVENUES	620,222		33,307 33,307	33,307 653,529
EXPENDITURES Education Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES	655,821 - 655,821		6,000 6,000	655,821 6,000 661,821
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	(35,599)		27,307	(8,292)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1, RESTATED	 54,355		95,407	 149,762
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$ 18,756	\$	122,714	\$ 141,470

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		Local titlement		Title IV		Title IA		Title IIA		Small Rural School		tudent
ASSETS	Φ		Φ		Φ		Φ		Φ		Φ	40.045
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ф	16,015 2,741
Due from other governments		11,667		_		-		180		-		, -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	11,667	\$	-	\$	-	\$	180	\$	-	\$	18,756
LIABILITIES	•	44.007	•		•		Φ.	400	Φ.		Φ.	
Due to other funds	\$	11,667	\$	-	\$	-	\$	180	\$		\$	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		11,667				-		180				-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)												
Nonspendable		_		_		_		_		_		_
Restricted		_		_		_				_		_
Committed		_		_		_		_		_		_
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-		- 18,756
		-		-		-		-		-		10,730
Unassigned				<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u>	-			<u>-</u>		10.756
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)												18,756
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND												
BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	11,667	\$	_	\$	_	\$	180	\$	_	\$	18,756
2, 12, 11 (22)		,									_	, ,

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	ESSE #2		Local Entitleme Prescho		ESSER Cares		COVII Relief Funds	f	COVID Relief Funds #2		Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	16,015
Investments Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-	2,741 11,847
TOTAL ASSETS	\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$	- \$	30,603
LIABILITIES											
Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u> </u>	11,847 11,847
FUND BALANCES											
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-	-
Restricted Committed		-		-		-		-		- -	-
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-	18,756
Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES				<u>-</u>						<u> </u>	18,756
									-		-,
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	- \$	30,603

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_ <u>E</u>	Local ntitlement	Title IV	Title IA	Title IIA	Small Rural School	Student ctivities
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Other	\$	102,136	\$ 10,467 -	\$ 58,152 -	\$ 13,475 -	\$ 13,201	\$ - 4,694
TOTAL REVENUES		102,136	10,467	58,152	13,475	13,201	4,694
EXPENDITURES Education TOTAL EXPENDITURES		102,136 102,136	 11,993 11,993	58,152 58,152	11,418 11,418	13,201 13,201	2,517 2,517
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-	(1,526)	-	2,057	-	2,177
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1, RESTATED			1,526	 	(2,057)		16,579
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 18,756

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	E	SSERF #2	Ent	_ocal itlement eschool	SSERF Cares	COVID Relief Funds	COVID Relief unds #2	Total
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Other	\$	30,093	\$	1,379 -	\$ - -	\$ 188,647	\$ 197,978	\$ 615,528 4,694
TOTAL REVENUES		30,093		1,379	-	188,647	197,978	620,222
EXPENDITURES Education TOTAL EXPENDITURES		30,093 30,093		1,379 1,379	38,307 38,307	188,647 188,647	197,978 197,978	655,821 655,821
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-	(38,307)	-	-	(35,599)
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1, RESTATED					 38,307	 	 	 54,355
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$		\$		\$ _	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 18,756

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to account for assets held by the Town of Acton, Maine that are legally restricted pursuant to Title 30-A, §5653 of the Maine State Statutes, as amended and unless otherwise specified, only earnings and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the Town or its citizenry. These funds have been established for various purposes including the provision and/or maintenance of the cemeteries.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	С	emetery Fund	ldsworth holarship	wrence nily Trust	orothy unnells	Но	ldsworth Trust	avesque Escrow	A. Plante scrow	McCoy Escrow	Rd Solar Escrow	Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other funds	\$	10,272	\$ 28,188	\$ 2,284	\$ 7,341	\$	74,629 -	\$ 3,001	\$ 5,002	\$ 15,001	92,425	\$ 71,089 167,054 30,610
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	10,272	\$ 58,798	\$ 2,284	\$ 7,341	\$	74,629	\$ 3,001	\$ 5,002	\$ 15,001	\$ 92,425	\$ 268,753
LIABILITIES Escrow Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$	30,610 30,610	\$ 3,001	\$ 5,002 - 5,002	\$ 15,001 - 15,001	\$ 92,425 - 92,425	\$ 115,429 30,610 146,039
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	10,272 - - - 10,272	58,798 - - - 58,798	2,284 - - - 2,284	7,341 - - - 7,341		- 44,019 - - - 44,019	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	122,714 - - - 122,714
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	10,272	\$ 58,798	\$ 2,284	\$ 7,341	\$	74,629	\$ 3,001	\$ 5,002	\$ 15,001	\$ 92,425	\$ 268,753

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		emetery Fund		ldsworth holarship	wrence nily Trust		orothy unnells	Н	oldsworth Trust		sque	_	. Plante scrow		cCoy crow		Rd Solar scrow		Total
REVENUES Investment income, net of	Ф.	4	<u> </u>	22 207		•	10	•		¢.		•		¢.		ф.		Ф.	22 207
unrealized gains/(losses) TOTAL REVENUES	<u> </u>	1	\$	33,287 33,287	\$ <u>-</u>	<u> </u>	19 19	<u>\$</u>		Φ	-	<u>Ф</u>		Φ		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	33,307 33,307
EXPENDITURES Scholarship/other		_		6,000	_		_		_		_		_		_		-		6,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		6,000	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		6,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1		27,287	-		19		-		-		-		-		-		27,307
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		10,271		31,511	 2,284		7,322		44,019		_		<u> </u>		-		-		95,407
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	10,272	\$	58,798	\$ 2,284	\$	7,341	\$	44,019	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	122,714

General Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities' column of the government-wide statement of net position.

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION JUNE 30, 2021

	_and and -depreciable Assets	Buildings, ng Improvements and Improvements	E	Furniture, Fixtures, Equipment nd Vehicles	Infi	rastructure	Total
Public safety	\$ 240,302	\$ 649,796	\$	1,405,185	\$	-	\$ 2,295,283
Public works	-	535,000		22,800		811,749	1,369,549
Education	152,175	4,467,273		591,001		69,625	5,280,074
Transfer station	-	187,315		49,905		-	237,220
Recreation	29,000	145,488		-		-	174,488
Town-wide	223,865	561,836		64,683		7,675	858,059
Total General Capital Assets	645,342	6,546,708		2,133,574		889,049	10,214,673
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 	(4,516,941)		(1,443,088)		(75,434)	 (6,035,463)
Net General Capital Assets	\$ 645,342	\$ 2,029,767	\$	690,486	\$	813,615	\$ 4,179,210

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Capital Assets			General Capital Assets
	7/1/20	 Additions	 Deletions	 6/30/21
Public safety	\$ 2,087,521	\$ 215,762	\$ (8,000)	\$ 2,295,283
Public works	1,181,059	188,490	-	1,369,549
Education	5,617,235	262,218	(599,379)	5,280,074
Transfer station	237,220	-	-	237,220
Recreation	174,488	-	-	174,488
Town-wide	807,794	 50,265	 	 858,059
Total General Capital Assets	10,105,317	716,735	(607,379)	10,214,673
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(6,293,087)	 (317,860)	575,484	(6,035,463)
Net General Capital Assets	\$ 3,812,230	\$ 398,875	\$ (31,895)	\$ 4,179,210



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Selectboard Town of Acton Acton, Maine

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Acton, Maine as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Acton, Maine's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 3, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Acton, Maine's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Acton, Maine's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Acton, Maine's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the Town of Acton, Maine in a separate letter dated October 22, 2021.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buxton, Maine November 3, 2021

RHR Smith & Company

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor Pass-through Grantor Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor Number	Expenditur Subrecipi		-	ederal enditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through State of Maine - Department of Education and Cultural Services:						
Child Nutrition Cluster: Summer Food Service Program for Children (SFSPC) Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	013-3016	\$	-	\$	64,266
(SFSPC) Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster	10.559	013-3018				6,610 70,876
of Education and Cultural Services:						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	013-3107				58,152
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education-Grants to States	84.027	013-3046				102,136
Special Education-Preschool Grants	84.173	013-6247		_		1,379
Subtotal Special Education Cluster (IDEA):						103,515
Rural Education	84.358	013-06A-3005-03				13,201
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	013-3042				11,418
Title IV - Student Supports & Academic Enrichment	84.424	013-06A-3345-13				13,519
Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	013-7006		-		38,307
Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	013-7041				30,093
						68,400
Total U.S. Department of Education						268,205
U.S. Department of Treasury Passed-through State of Maine - Department of Education and Cultural Services:						
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	022-7010		_		188,647
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	022-7015		-		197,978
				-		386,625
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			-			386,625
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$		\$	731,961

DISCLOSURES:

The Town is not required to have a federal 2 C.F.R. Part 200 Uniform Guidance Audit.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE REQUIREMENTS

Selectboard Town of Acton Acton, Maine

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Acton, Maine for the year ended June 30, 2021 and have issued our report thereon dated November 3, 2021. Our audit was made in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable state and federal laws relating to financial and compliance audits and, accordingly, included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In connection with our audit, we reviewed the budgetary controls that are in place and have reviewed the annual financial report that was submitted to the Maine Department of Education for accuracy. In addition, we have reviewed the Town of Acton, Maine's compliance with applicable provisions of the Maine Finance Act as noted under MRSA Title 20A, section 6051 as we considered necessary in obtaining our understanding.

The results of our procedures indicate that with respect to the items tested, the Town of Acton, Maine complied, in all material respects, with the provisions referred to in the preceding paragraph. With respect to items not tested, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Town of Acton, Maine was in noncompliance with or in violation of, those provisions.

Management has determined that no adjustments were necessary to the fiscal books of the Town of Acton, Maine and have attached the following schedule as it relates to the reconciliation of audit adjustments to the updated annual financial data submitted to the Maine Education Financial System maintained at the Maine Department of Education.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Selectboard, School Board, management and the Maine Department of Education. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Buxton, Maine November 3, 2021

RHR Smith & Company

ACTON SCHOOL DEPARTMENT

RECONCILIATION OF AUDIT ADJUSTMENTS TO ANNUAL FINANCIAL DATA SUBMITTED TO THE MAINE EDUCATION FINANCIAL SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Ge	eneral Fund (1000)	al Revenue Funds 0) & (9000)	Total
June 30, 2021 Balance Per MEFS	\$	1,771,651	\$ (2,057)	\$ 1,769,594
Other Adjustments: Fund Balance		310,159	-	310,159
Fund 2700 Fund Balance Fund 9000 Fund Balance		-	2,057 18,756	2,057 18,756
Audited GAAP Basis Fund Balance June 30, 2021	\$	2,081,810	\$ 18,756	\$ 2,100,566