## Audited Financial Statements and Other Financial Information

### Town of Acton, Maine

June 30, 2016



Proven Expertise and Integrity

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#### JUNE 30, 2016

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#### **Proven Expertise and Integrity**

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Selectmen Town of Acton Acton, Maine

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Acton, Maine as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Acton, Maine's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Acton, Maine as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension information on pages 4 through 10 and 48 through 50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Acton, Maine's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 20-A MRSA §6051, Sub-chapter 1(K) of the Maine Revised Statutes as amended, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records

used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 31, 2016, on our consideration of the Town of Acton, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Acton, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Buxton, Maine

August 31, 2016

RHRSmith & Company

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

#### (UNAUDITED)

The following management's discussion and analysis of the Town of Acton, Maine's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements.

#### **Financial Statement Overview**

The Town of Acton's basic financial statements include the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information which consists of the general fund budgetary comparison schedule and pension information, and other supplementary information which includes combining and other schedules.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include financial information in two differing views: the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. These basic financial statements also include the notes to financial statements that explain in more detail certain information in the financial statements and also provide the user with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the Town's operations in a manner that is similar to private businesses. These statements provide both short-term as well as long-term information in regards to the Town's financial position. These financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus takes into account all revenues and expenses associated with the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The Statement of Net Position – this statement presents *all* of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference being reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities – this statement presents information that shows how the government's net position changed during the period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Both of the above mentioned financial statements have one column for the Town's activities. The type of activity presented for the Town of Acton is:

 Governmental activities – the activities in this section are mostly supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants). All of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental activities, which include general government, public safety, public works, education, social services, recreation and unclassified.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Acton, like other local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Acton can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: All of the basic services provided by the Town are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported in governmental activities in the government—wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information will be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach, revenues are recorded when cash is received or when susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred and due. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's finances to assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the Town.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement.

The Town of Acton presents two columns in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The Town's major governmental fund is the general fund. All other

funds are shown as nonmajor and are combined in the "Nonmajor Funds" column on these statements.

The general fund is the only fund for which the Town legally adopted a budget. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budgetary Basis – Budget and Actual – General Fund provides a comparison of the original and final budget and the actual expenditures for the current year.

Fiduciary Funds: These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town of Acton. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds are much like that of proprietary funds. They use the accrual basis of accounting.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found following the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information, which includes a Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budgetary Basis – Budget and Actual – General Fund, a Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and a Schedule of Contributions.

#### Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information follows the required supplementary information. These combining and other schedules provide information in regards to nonmajor funds, capital asset activity and other detailed budgetary information for the general fund and the school department.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Our analysis below focuses on the net position, and changes in net position of the Town's governmental activities. The Town's total net position for governmental activities increased by \$522,767 from \$6.19 million to \$6.71 million.

Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - increased to a balance of \$2,227,141 at the end of this year.

Table 1
Town of Acton, Maine
Net Position
June 30,

	Governmental Activities				
	2016	2015			
Assets:					
Current Assets	\$ 4,298,783	\$ 4,018,203			
Capital Assets	3,574,089	3,136,181			
Total Assets	7,872,872	7,154,384			
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	104,235	97,382			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	104,235	97,382			
Liabilities:					
Current Liabilities	620,454	702,955			
Long-term Debt Outstanding	585,981	295,191			
Total Liabilities	1,206,435	998,146			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Prepaid Taxes	22,730	18,677			
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	34,188	43,956			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	56,918	62,633			
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,996,188	2,962,828			
Restricted: General Fund	1,382,397	1,195,425			
Special Revenue Funds	11,148	4,814			
Permanent Funds	96,880	110,600			
Unrestricted	2,227,141	1,917,320			
Total Net Position	\$ 6,713,754	\$ 6,190,987			

#### **Revenues and Expenses**

Revenues for the Town's governmental activities increased by 4.75%, while total expenses increased by .33%. The increase in revenues was mainly due to property taxes, while the increase in expenditures was primarily due to ambulance services now being included as part of the Town's public safety operations.

Table 2
Town of Acton, Maine
Changes in Net Position
For the Years Ended June 30,

	Governmental Activities			
	2016	2015		
Revenues				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 135,773			
Operating grants & contributions	854,590			
Capital grants & contributions	60,520	-		
General Revenues:				
Property taxes	6,510,659			
Excise taxes	503,404	468,852		
Grants and contributions not restricted to				
specific programs	161,878			
Investment income	1,329	•		
Other income	123,214			
Total revenues	8,351,367	7,972,643		
_				
Expenses	0.47.000	- 4- 0-0		
General government	617,990	•		
Public safety	535,643	•		
Public works	879,856			
Social services	66,775	•		
Recreation	13,091	•		
General assistance	1,548	•		
Education	5,151,201			
County tax	289,246	•		
Interest on debt service	18,364	•		
Other expenses	65,751	•		
Unallocated depreciation (Note 4)	10,722	•		
State of Maine on-behalf payments	178,413			
Total expenses	7,828,600	7,802,572		
Change in Net Position	522,767	170,071		
Net Position - July 1	6,190,987	6,020,916		
Net Position - June 30	\$ 6,713,754	\$ 6,190,987		

#### Financial Analysis of the Town's Fund Statements

Governmental funds: The financial reporting focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the Town's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's financial position at the end of the year, and the net resources available for spending.

Table 3
Town of Acton, Maine
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
June 30,

		2016		2015		
General Fund:			•			
Nonspendable	\$	6,725	\$	6,314		
Restricted		1,382,397		1,195,425		
Committed		246,690		338,668		
Assigned		83,786		87,809		
Unassigned		1,699,608		1,290,163		
Total General Fund	\$	3,419,206	\$	2,918,379		
Nonmojor Eundo						
Nonmajor Funds:						
Special Revenue Funds: Restricted	\$	11,148	\$	4,814		
Unassigned	Φ	(11,380)	φ	4,014		
Permanent Funds:		(11,360)		-		
Restricted		96,880		110,600		
Total Nonmajor Funds		96,648	Φ	115,414		
rotal moninajor runus	Φ	90,040	Φ	115,414		

The general fund total fund balance increased by \$500,827 over the prior fiscal year. The nonmajor fund balances decreased by \$18,766 over the prior fiscal year.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

The significant difference between the original and final budget for the general fund was the use of restricted, committed and unassigned fund balances as well as applied revenues.

The general fund actual revenues exceeded the budget by \$292,139. All revenue categories exceeded budgeted amounts with the exception of property taxes.

The general fund actual expenditures were under the budget by \$917,504. All expenditures categories were under budget.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2016, the net book value of capital assets recorded by the Town increased by \$437,908 from the prior year. This increase is the result of capital additions of \$694,948 less current year depreciation of \$257,040. During the fiscal year the Town also absorbed the assets of the Acton Ambulance Association. As a result the Town acquired \$88,000 in capital assets and \$88,000 in accumulated depreciation. The net capital assets transferred to the Town of Acton was \$0.

Table 4
Town of Acton, Maine
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)
June 30,

	2016	2015
Land	\$ 110,200	\$ 110,200
Land improvements	180,723	194,189
Buildings and improvements	2,328,081	1,913,843
Machinery and equipment	184,072	161,503
Vehicles	466,701	443,428
Furniture and fixtures	11,166	13,397
Infrastructure	293,146	299,621
Total	\$ 3,574,089	\$ 3,136,181

#### Debt

At June 30, 2016, the Town had \$552,851 in notes outstanding versus \$149,494 as of June 30, 2015. The Town's other obligations include capital leases payable, accrued vacation and sick time and net pension liability. Refer to Note 5 of Notes to Financial Statements for more detailed information.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The Town has maintained a sufficient unassigned fund balance to sustain government operations for a period of approximately two months, while also maintaining reserve accounts for future operational, capital and program needs.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town Treasurer's Office at 35 H Road, Acton, Maine 04001.

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

ASSETS		
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,824,944
Investments	Ψ	40,935
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		
Taxes/liens Other		373,128
Inventory		53,051 3,575
Prepaid expenses		125
Tax acquired property		3,025
Total current assets		4,298,783
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets: Land and other non-depreciable assets		110,200
Infrastructure, buildings and vehicles, net of accumulated depreciation		3,463,889
Total noncurrent assets		3,574,089
TOTAL ASSETS		7,872,872
		.,
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		404005
Deferred outflows related to pensions TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		104,235 104,235
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		104,233
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	7,977,107
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	98,785
Accrued expenses		286,023
Due to other governments Current portion of long-term obligations		13,977 221,669
Total current liabilities		620,454
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:		
Notes payable		450,523
Capital leases payable		14,123
Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities		121,335 585,981
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,206,435
	-	1,200,400
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Prepaid taxes		22,730
Deferred inflows related to pensions		34,188
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		56,918
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		2,996,188
Restricted: General fund		1,382,397
Special revenue funds Permanent funds		11,148 96,880
Unrestricted		2,227,141
TOTAL NET POSITION		6,713,754
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	7,977,107

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net (Expense) Revenue **Program Revenues** and Changes in Net Position Operating Capital Functions/Programs Charges for Grants & Grants & Governmental Contributions Contributions Expenses Services Activities Governmental activities: General government 617,990 106,263 \$ \$ (511,727)Public safety 535,643 21,918 60,520 (453,205)Public works 879,856 50,292 (829,564)Social services 66.775 (66,775)13,091 7,592 (5,499)Recreation General assistance 1,548 855 (693)625,030 Education 5,151,201 (4,526,171)County tax 289,246 (289,246)Interest on debt service 18,364 (18, 364)65,751 (65,751)Other expenses Unallocated depreciation (Note 4)\* 10,722 (10,722)State of Maine on-behalf payments 178,413 178,413 Total governmental activities 7,828,600 \$ 135,773 854,590 \$ 60,520 (6,777,717)

<sup>\*</sup> This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

#### STATEMENT B (CONTINUED)

#### TOWN OF ACTON, MAINE

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	 vernmental Activities
Changes in net position:	_
Net (expense) revenue	 (6,777,717)
General revenues:	
Taxes:	
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	6,510,659
Excise taxes	503,404
Grants and contributions not restricted to	
specific programs	161,878
Investment income	1,329
Other income	123,214
Total general revenues	 7,300,484
Change in net position	522,767
Net position - July 1	6,190,987
Net position - June 30	\$ 6,713,754

#### BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

100570		General Fund	N	onmajor Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	Φ	0.700.000	Φ	55.045	Φ	0.004.044
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	3,768,999	\$	55,945 40,935	\$	3,824,944 40,935
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		-		40,933		40,933
Taxes		271,258		-		271,258
Liens		101,870		-		101,870
Other		53,051		-		53,051
Inventory		3,575		-		3,575
Prepaid expenses		125		-		125
Tax acquired property		3,025		-		3,025
Due from other funds		11,380		11,148		22,528
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,213,283	\$	108,028	\$	4,321,311
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses	\$	98,785 286,023	\$	- -	\$	98,785 286,023
Accrued compensated absences		108,414		-		108,414
Due to other governments		13,977		-		13,977
Due to other funds		11,148		11,380		22,528
TOTAL LIABILITIES		518,347		11,380		529,727
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		22 720				22 720
Prepaid taxes Deferred revenue		22,730		-		22,730 253,000
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		253,000 275,730				275,730
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		275,730				275,730
FUND BALANCES		6,725				6,725
Nonspendable Restricted		1,382,397		108,028		0,725 1,490,425
Committed		246,690		100,020		246,690
Assigned		83,786		-		83,786
Unassigned				(11,380)		1,688,228
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	-	1,699,608 3,419,206		96,648		3,515,854
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		3,418,200		90,040		3,313,654
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	4,213,283	\$	108,028	\$	4,321,311

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	G	Total overnmental
	_	Funds
Total Fund Balances Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$	3,515,854
are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation  Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures		3,574,089
and therefore are deferred in the funds shown above:		
Taxes and liens receivable		253,000
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds		104,235
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Notes payable		(552,851)
Capital lease payable		(25,050)
Net pension liability		(121,335)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds		(34,188)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	6,713,754

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		General Fund		Nonmajor Funds		Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes:	Φ	0.404.050	Φ		Ф	C 404 CEO
Property taxes	\$	6,491,659	\$	-	\$	6,491,659
Excise taxes		503,404		-		503,404
Intergovernmental revenues:		70.054				70.054
State revenue sharing		79,851		-		79,851
Education subsidy		375,269		-		375,269
Homestead exemption		48,851		-		48,851
Local road assistance		50,292		-		50,292
Other education revenue		94,424		-		94,424
Other		34,031		155,337		189,368
State of Maine on-behalf payments		178,413		-		178,413
Charges for services		135,773		- (00.0)		135,773
Investment income, net of unrealized gains/(losses)		11,049		(9,720)		1,329
Other revenue		123,214		<u> </u>		123,214
TOTAL REVENUES		8,126,230		145,617		8,271,847
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General government		625,490		_		625,490
Public safety		470,843		_		470,843
Public works		863,799		_		863,799
Social services		66,775		_		66,775
Recreation		8,601		_		8,601
General assistance		1,548		_		1,548
Education		4,918,930		160,383		5,079,313
County tax		289,246		-		289,246
Other		586,751		4,000		590,751
State of Maine on-behalf payments		178,413		-,000		178,413
Debt service:		170,413				170,413
Principal		96,643		-		96,643
Interest		18,364		-		18,364
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		8,125,403		164,383		8,289,786
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		827		(18,766)		(17,939)
				( -,,		( ,===,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Loan proceeds		500,000		-		500,000
Transfers in		-		-		-
Transfers (out)		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		500,000				500,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		500,827		(18,766)		482,061
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		2,918,379		115,414		3,033,793
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	3,419,206	\$	96,648	\$	3,515,854

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement E)	\$ 482,061
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense allocated to those expenditures over the life of the assets: Capital asset purchases capitalized Depreciation expense Acton Ambulance Association capital assets transferred to Town Acton Ambulance Association accumulated depreciation transferred to Town	694,948 (257,040) 88,000 (88,000) 437,908
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources as revenues in the funds:  Taxes and liens receivable	19,000
Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds	6,853
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position	(521,184)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position	116,636
Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds	9,768
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:  Net pension liability	(28,275) (28,275)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	\$ 522,767

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Agency Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	_\$	34,290
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	34,290
LIABILITIES Deposits held for others	\$	34,290
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	34,290

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Reporting Entity

The Town of Acton was incorporated under the laws of the State of Maine. The Town operates under the selectmen form of government and provides the following services: general government services, public safety, public works, social services recreation and education.

The Town's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The Town's combined financial statements include all accounts and all operations of the Town. We have determined that the Town has no component units as described in GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61.

#### Implementation of New Accounting Standards

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the following statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board became effective:

Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application". The objective of the Statement is to expand comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring measurement of certain assets and liabilities at fair value using a consistent and more detailed definition of fair value and accepted valuation techniques. This Statement also will improve fair value application guidance and related disclosures in order to provide information to financial statement users about the impact of fair value measurements on a government's financial position. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 73, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68". The objective of the Statement is to improve financial reporting by instituting a single framework for the presentation of information about pensions, thereby expanding the comparability of pension-related information reported by state and local governments. Management has determined that this Statement is not applicable.

Statement No. 76, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments". The objective of this Statement is to identify in the

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

context of the current governmental financial reporting environment-the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants". This Statement establishes specific criteria used to determine whether a qualifying external investment pool may elect to use an amortized cost exception to fair value measurement. Those criteria will provide qualifying external investment pools and participants in those pools with consistent application of an amortized cost-based measurement for financial reporting purposes. That measurement approximates fair value and mirrors the operations of external investment pools that transact with participants at a stable net asset value per share.

This Statement also establishes additional note disclosure requirements for qualifying external investment pools that measure all of their investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes and for governments that participate in those pools. Those disclosures for both the qualifying external investment pools and their participants include information about any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Town's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Town as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Town's major funds).

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. All activities of the Town are categorized as governmental.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activity column is (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Town's net position are reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

unrestricted net position. The Town first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Town's functions (general government, public safety, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, miscellaneous revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these government-wide financial statements.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services, etc.).

The Town does not allocate indirect costs. All costs are charged directly to the corresponding department.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in the Town's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

#### Measurement Focus - Basic Financial Statements & Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Town are reported in the individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the Town:

#### 1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental fund's measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Town:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Major Funds

a. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### Nonmajor Funds

- b. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- c. Permanent Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town that are legally restricted pursuant to Title 30-A, §5653 of the Maine State Statutes, as amended, and unless otherwise specified, only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the Town or its citizenry. The Town's policy for authorizing and spending investment income follows State statutes.

#### 2. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Town programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

The Town's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements. The Town has no component unites that are fiduciary in nature.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in the governmental activity category. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column, GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenses of either the fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### 1. Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

#### Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

#### Budget

The Town's policy is to adopt an annual budget for operations. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 24, Accounting and Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance, payments made by the State of Maine to the Maine State Public Employees Retirement System for teachers and certain other school employees are reported as offsetting revenues and expenditures of the general fund.

Revenues per budgetary basis	\$ 8,447,817
Add: On-behalf payments	178,413
Total GAAP basis	\$ 8,626,230

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The following procedures are followed in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Early in the first half of the year the Town prepares a budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the inhabitants of the Town was called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after public notice of the meeting was given.
- 3. The budget was adopted subsequent to passage by the inhabitants of the Town.
- 4. The Town does not adopt budgets for Special Revenue Funds.

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

It is the Town's policy to value investments at fair value. None of the Town's investments are reported at amortized cost. The Town Treasurer is authorized by State Statutes to invest all excess funds in the following:

- Obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities.
- Certificates of deposits and other evidences of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions.
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market mutual funds

The Town of Acton has no formal investment policy but instead follows the State of Maine Statutes.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories of supplies are considered to be expenditures at the time of purchase and are not included in the general fund balance sheet, with the exception of gravel and

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

school lunch supplies and food on hand at the end of the year, valued at cost. The cost value is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

#### **Prepaid Items**

Certain insurance and other payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

#### Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

#### **Transactions Between Funds**

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of Governmental Funds.

#### Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated to be \$31,436 as of June 30, 2016 for ambulance receivables.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$3,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals, and signs are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

The assets are valued at historical cost when available and estimated historical cost where actual invoices or budgetary data was unavailable. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. All retirements have been recorded by eliminating the net carrying values.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to independently owned utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the Town. The Town has not retroactively recorded infrastructure.

#### Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 20 - 50 years Infrastructure 50 - 100 years Machinery and equipment 3 - 50 years Vehicles 3 - 25 years

#### **Long-term Obligations**

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of notes payable, capital leases payable, compensated absences and net pension liability.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

#### Compensated Absences

The Town's policies regarding vacation and sick time do not permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave. However, the school department allows certain teachers to accumulated unused sick time. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred. As of June 30, 2016, the Town's liability for compensated absences is \$108,414.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State Employee and Teacher (SET) Plan and additions to/deductions from the SET Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the SET Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislations adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

#### Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable – This includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Committed – This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the inhabitants of the Town. The inhabitants of the Town through Town meetings are the highest level of decision-making authority of the Town. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a Town meeting vote.

Assigned – This includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the Board of Selectmen.

Unassigned – This includes all other spendable amounts. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Town meeting vote has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town currently has one type of item, deferred outflows related to pensions. This item is reported in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Prepaid taxes qualify for reporting in this category. This item is reported in both the statements of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred inflows related to pensions qualify for reporting in this category as well. This item is reported only in the statement of net

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

position. All items in this category are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes - Modified Accrual Basis

The Town's property tax for the current year was levied August 20, 2015 on the assessed value listed as of April 1, 2015, for all real and personal property located in the Town. Taxes were due on in two installments on October 15, 2015 and April 15, 2016. Interest on unpaid taxes commenced on October 16, 2015 and April 16, 2016, at 7% per annum.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year end. The remaining receivables have been recorded as deferred revenues.

The Town is permitted by the laws of the State of Maine to levy taxes up to 105% of its net budgeted expenditures for the related fiscal period. The amount raised in excess of 100% is referred to as overlay, and amounted to \$49,728 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Tax liens are placed on real property within twelve months following the tax commitment date if taxes are delinquent. The Town has the authority to foreclose on property eighteen months after the filing of the lien if tax liens and associated costs remain unpaid.

#### **Program Revenues**

Program revenues include all directly related income items applicable to a particular program (charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; operating or capital grants and contributions, including special assessments).

#### **Encumbrance Accounting**

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The Town does not utilize encumbrance accounting for its general fund.

#### **Use of Estimates**

During the preparation of the Town's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets,

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

liabilities, and disclosure of contingent items as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Town's investment policies, which follow state statutes, require that all investments be made considering the safe and sound investment of principal and preservation of capital in the overall portfolio, maintenance of sufficient liquidity to meet day-to-day operations and other cash requirements and maximization of income, within established investment risk guidelines, with consistent cash flows throughout the budgetary cycle. These investment policies apply to all Town funds.

#### **Deposits:**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the Town will not be able to recover its deposits. The Town does not have a policy covering custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the Town maintains deposits in qualifying financial institutions that are a member of the FDIC or NCUSIF as defined in Title 30-A, Section 5706 of the Maine Revised Statutes. At June 30, 2016, the Town's deposits amounting to \$3,859,234 were comprised of bank deposits of \$3,925,489. Of these bank deposits, \$329,230 was fully insured by federal depository insurance and consequently was not exposed to custodial credit risk. The remaining bank balances of \$3,596,259 were collateralized with an irrevocable standby letter of credit.

Account Type	Bank Balance		
Checking accounts Savings accounts	\$ 3,846,259 79,230 \$ 3,925,489		

#### Investments:

Custodial credit risk for investments is that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Currently, the Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for investments. The Town's investment in common stock, for \$40,935, is not exposed to custodial credit risk because those securities are registered in the Town's name and are held by the Town.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2016, the Town had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Fair Value	N/A	Less than 1 Year	1 E Vooro
Investment Type	value	IN/A	<u>ı rear</u>	1 - 5 Years
Common stock	\$ 40,935	\$ 40,935	\$ -	\$ -
	\$ 40,935	\$ 40,935	\$ -	\$ -

Credit risk – Statutes for the State of Maine authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Maine, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. The Town does not have an investment policy on credit risk. Generally, the Town invests excess funds in savings accounts and various insured certificates of deposit.

Interest rate risk – is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuations in interest rates.

#### NOTE 3 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Receivables (Due From)		Payables (Due To)	
General fund Nonmajor special revenue funds	\$ 11,380 11,148	\$	11,148 11,380	
	\$ 22,528	\$	22,528	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	Balance 7/1/15	Additions Disposals		Balance 6/30/16
Governmental activities: Non-depreciated assets:				
Land	\$ 110,200	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 110,200
	110,200	-	-	110,200
Depreciated assets:  Land improvements	394,033			394,033
Buildings and improvements	5,446,334	560,478	-	6,006,812
Machinery and equipment	985,913	139,450	(26,733)	1,098,630
Vehicles	858,186	83,020	-	941,206
Furniture and fixtures	109,669	-	-	109,669
Infrastructure	312,185			312,185
	8,106,320	782,948	(26,733)	8,862,535
Less: accumulated depreciation	(5,080,339)	(345,040)	26,733	(5,398,646)
	3,025,981	437,908		3,463,889
Net capital assets	\$ 3,136,181	\$ 437,908	\$ -	\$ 3,574,089
Current year depreciation:				
Public safety			9	- /
Public works				10,490
Education				160,971
Transfer station				5,567
Recreation				4,490
Town-wide				10,722
Total depreciation expenses			<u> </u>	257,040

During fiscal year 2016, the Town of Acton voters approved to absorb the assets of the Acton Ambulance Association and make that service a part of the Town's public safety operations. As a result, the Town acquired \$88,000 in capital assets and \$88,000 in accumulated depreciation. The net capital assets transferred to the Town of Acton was \$0.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The General Fund of the Town is used to pay for all long-term debt. A summary of long-term debt is as follows:

	Balance, 7/1/15		Additions Redu		eductions	Balance, ctions 6/30/16		Current Portion		
Notes payable Capital leases payable Accrued compensated	\$	149,494 23,859	\$	500,000 21,184	\$	(96,643) (19,993)	\$	552,851 25,050	\$	102,328 10,927
absences		108,412		2		-		108,414		108,414
Net pension liability		93,060		125,778		(97,503)		121,335		
Totals	\$	374,825	\$	646,964	\$	(214,139)	\$	807,650	\$	221,669

The following is a summary of the outstanding notes payable:

\$500,000, 2015 Commercial Note due in monthly installments of level principal and interest payments in the amount of \$4,734 through September 2025. Interest is charged at a rate of 2.55% per annum.	\$ 463,072
\$25,000, 2012 Commercial Note due in monthly installments of level principal and interest payments in the amount of \$433 through August 2017. Interest is charged at a rate of 1.49% per annum.	6,005
\$271,000, 2012 Commercial Note due in monthly installments of level principal and interest payments in the amount of \$4,727 through December 2017. Interest is charged at a rate of 1.78% per annum.	83,774
	\$ 552,851

The following is a summary of outstanding note principal and interest requirements for the following fiscal years ending June 30:

	F	Principal	ncipal Interest		Totals	
2017	\$	102,328	\$	11,667	\$	113,995
2018		75,464		10,531		85,995
2019		47,669		9,137		56,806
2020		48,916		7,890		56,806
2021		50,195		6,611		56,806
2022-2026		228,279		13,023		241,302
	\$	552,851	\$	58,859	\$	611,710

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of capital leases outstanding as of June 30, 2016:

\$24,681, 2012 capital lease payable to Androscoggin Bank for copiers due in quarterly installments of \$1,316 through January of 2017. Interest is charged at a rate of 1% to 3% per annum.

\$21,184, 2016 capital lease payable to John Deere Financial for a tractor due in monthly installments of \$588 through June of 2019. No interest is charged on this lease.

The following is a summary of outstanding capital lease requirements for the following fiscal years ending June 30:

2017	\$ 10,992
2018	7,061
2019	7,061
2020	-
2021	 
Total minimum lease payment	25,114
Less amount representing interest	(64)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ 25,050

All notes payable and capital leases payable are direct obligations of the Town, for which its full faith and credit are pledged. The Town is not obligated for any special assessment debt. All debt is payable from taxes levied on all taxable property within the Town.

#### **NOTE 6 - OPERATING LEASE**

The Town leases a copier from U.S. Bank Equipment Finance under a non-cancellable lease agreement. The term of the lease is for a 5-year period ending in May of 2017. Interest is charged at a rate of 6.15% per annum. Monthly payments are \$135.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

# NOTE 6 - OPERATING LEASE (CONTINUED)

Year Ending	
June 30:	
2017	\$ 1,479
2018	-
2019	-
2020	-
2021	 
Total minimum lease payment	\$ 1,479
Less: amount representing interest	(208)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 1,271

#### NOTE 7 - OVERLAPPING DEBT

The Town is responsible for its proportionate share of County debt. As of June 30, 2016, the Town's share was as follows:

	Outstanding		S		J		Total
		Debt	Percentage		Share		
County of York	\$	6,405,830	1.80%	\$	115,402		

#### NOTE 8 - NONSPENDABLE FUND BALANCES

The Town had the following nonspendable fund balances at June 30, 2016:

General fund:	
School lunch inventory	\$ 3,575
Prepaid expenses	125
Tax acquired property	 3,025
	\$ 6,725

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

### NOTE 9 - RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

The Town had the following restricted fund balances at June 30, 2016:

General fund:	
Education	\$ 856,800
Education - capital	50,000
Education - fuel reserve	10,000
Education - tuition and assistive technology	150,000
Education - professional	10,000
Education - technology	10,000
Education - health	15,000
Education - security and safety upgrade	8,931
Education - capital improvement	21,511
Education - matching grant	10,000
Education - FY 17 budget	170,000
LRAP	50,292
FEMA Reserve	19,863
Special revenue funds (Schedule F)	11,148
Permanent funds (Schedule H)	96,880
	\$ 1,490,425

#### NOTE 10 - COMMITTED FUND BALANCES

The Town had the following committed fund balances at June 30, 2016:

General fund:	
Gravel pit	\$ 2,339
Mary Grant	3,063
Neighbors helping neighbors	692
Fuel assistance donations	1,477
Annual tree lighting	73
Forestry reserve	24,473
Fire department donations	869
Fire department grants	300
Fire department capital	87,499
Fire department equipment	10,800
Conservation committee	705
Gym donations	130
Cemeteries	1,419
District one road repair & maintenance	24,556
District two road repair & maintenance	66,930
Dams	 21,365
	\$ 246,690

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 11 - ASSIGNED FUND BALANCES

The Town had the following assigned fund balances at June 30, 2016:

General fund:	
Recreation	\$ 43,849
Capital improvements	 39,937
	\$ 83,786

#### NOTE 12 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The Town had the following deficit fund balances at June 30, 2016:

Local Entitlement	_ ;	\$ 11,380
		\$ 11,380

#### **NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS**

The Town of Acton, Maine, has entered a contract for law enforcement services with the County of York, Maine. The contract term is for four years beginning January 1, 2013 and ending December 31, 2016. The Town of Acton, Maine also approved the renewal of this contract beginning January 1, 2017 and ending December 31, 2020. The Town of Shapleigh participates with the Town of Acton in the contract with a cost-sharing formula of 50% for each town. The annual contract cost is calculated on estimated salary and fringe benefits and other related operating expenses less federal grant funding as follows:

Fiscal Years	
Ending	
June 30,	 Amount
2017	\$ 42,500
2018	45,000
2019	45,000
2020	45,000
2021	22,500

For the twelve months ended June 30, 2016, the total contract cost was \$44,948. All future contract amounts are subject to annual appropriation by the Town of Acton.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Town carries commercial insurance or participates in a public entity and self-insured risk pool sponsored by the Maine Municipal and the Maine School Management Associations.

Based on the coverage provided by the insurance purchased, the Town is not aware of any material actual or potential claim liabilities which should be recorded as of June 30, 2016. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from that of the prior year and amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

#### NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### **Plan Description**

All school teachers, plus other qualified educators, participate in the Maine Public Employees Retirement System's (MainePERS) State Employee and Teacher (SET) Plan. The teacher's program is a multi-employer cost-sharing plan with a special funding situation, established by the Maine State Legislature. The State of Maine is also a non-employer contributing entity in that the State pays the initial unfunded actuarial liability on behalf of teachers, while school districts contribute the normal cost, calculated actuarially, for their teacher members. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Maine Public Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial and actuarial information for the SET Plan. That report may be obtained online at <a href="https://www.mainepers.org">www.mainepers.org</a> or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The Maine Public Employees Retirement System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State Legislature. The System's retirement programs provide defined retirement benefits based on members' average final compensation and service credit earned as of retirement. Vesting (i.e., eligibility for benefits upon reaching qualification) occurs upon the earning of five years of service credit (effective October 1, 1999, the prior ten year requirement was reduced by legislative action to five years for State employees and teachers). In some cases, vesting occurs on the earning of one year of service credit

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

immediately preceding retirement at or after normal retirement age. Normal retirement age for State employees and teachers is age 60, 62 or 65. The normal retirement age is determined by whether a member had met certain creditable service requirements on specific dates, as established by statute. The monthly benefit of members who retire before normal retirement age by virtue of having at least 25 years of service credit is reduced by a statutorily prescribed factor for each year of age that a member is below her/his normal retirement age at retirement. The System also provides disability and death benefits which are established by statute for State employee and teacher members.

Upon termination of membership, members' accumulated employee contributions are refundable with interest, credited in accordance with statute. Withdrawal of accumulated contributions results in forfeiture of all benefits and membership rights. The annual rate of interest credited to members' accounts is set by the System's Board of Trustees and is currently 5.0%.

#### **Contributions**

Retirement benefits are funded by contributions from members and employers and by earnings on investments. Disability and death benefits are funded by employer normal cost contributions and by investment earnings. The Town's teachers are required to contribute 7.65% of their compensation to the retirement system. The Town's payroll for teachers covered by this program was approximately \$1,508,269 for the year ended June 30, 2016. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated requires the State to contribute 10.02% of the Town's contractually required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability (UAL). Contributions paid by the State were approximately \$142,446 for the year ended June 30, 2016. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated also requires the Town to contribute at an actuarially determined normal cost rate of 3.36%, which totaled \$49,625 for 2016. In addition, the Town is required to contribute toward the UAL of the plan and pay a small percentage of payroll towards the administrative costs for federally funded teachers, which amounts to 10.57% of compensation and totaled \$9,159 the year ended June 30, 2016.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the Town reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the Town. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 121,335
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	2,144,365
Total	\$ 2,265,700

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school units and the State, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the Town's proportion was 0.008988%, which was an increase of 0.000374% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town recognized total pension expense of \$109,162 and revenue of \$97,503 for support provided by the State of Maine. At June 30, 2016, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SET Plan						
	Deferre	ed Outflows	Deferred Inflows				
	of R	esources	of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	842			
Changes of assumptions	Ψ	3,343	Ψ	-			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		25,674		31,161			
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate		,		·			
share of contributions		16,718		2,185			
Contributions subsequent to the							
measurement date		58,500					
Total	\$	104,235	\$	34,188			

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

\$58,500 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SET
	Plan
Year ended June 30:	
2017	\$ (11,709)
2018	2,612
2019	3,968
2020	(6,419)
2021	-
Thereafter	-

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The collective total pension liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

#### Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial funding method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, the total employer contribution rate consists of two elements: the normal cost rate and the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) rate.

The individual entry age normal method is used to determine liabilities. Under the individual entry age normal method, a normal cost rate is calculated for each employee. This rate is determined by taking the value, as of age at entry into the plan, of the member's projected future benefits, and dividing it by the value, also as of the member's entry age, of his or her expected future salary. The normal cost for each employee is the product of his or her pay and his or her normal cost rate. The normal cost for the group is the sum of the normal costs for all members.

Experience gains and losses, i.e., decreases or increases in liabilities and/or in assets when actual experience differs from the actuarial assumptions, affect the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### Asset Valuation Method

The actuarial valuation employs a technique for determining the actuarial value of assets which dampens the swing in the market value. The specific technique adopted in this valuation recognizes in a given year one-third of the investment return that is different from the actuarial assumption for investment return.

#### **Amortization**

The net pension liability of the State Employee and Teacher Retirement Plan is amortized on a level percentage of payroll over the amortization period then in effect under statutory and constitutional requirements.

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for funding purposes as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Investment Rate of Return - For the State Employee and Teacher Plan, 7.125% per annum for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, compounded annually.

Salary Increases, Merit and Inflation - State Employees, 3.50% to 10.50% per year; Teachers, 3.50% to 13.50% per year.

Mortality Rates - For active State employee members and non-disabled retirees of the State employee plan, the RP2000 Tables projected forward to 2015 using Scale AA are used; for active members and non-disabled retirees of the teachers' plan, the ages are set back two years; for all recipients of disability benefits, the Revenue Ruling 96-7 Disabled Mortality Table for Males and Females is used.

Cost of Living Benefit Increases - 2.55% per annum for State employees and Teachers.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major class of assets. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as June 30, 2015 are summarized in the following table.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

## NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

	SET Plan							
		Long-term						
	Target	Expected Real Rate of						
A ( Ol	_							
Asset Class	Allocation	Return						
US equities	20%	5.2%						
Non-US equities	20%	5.5%						
Private equity	10%	7.6%						
Real assets:								
Real estate	10%	3.7%						
Infrastructure	10%	4.0%						
Hard assets	5%	4.8%						
Fixed income	25%	0.7%						

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the collective total pension liability was 7.125% for 2015 and 2014 for the State Employee and Teacher Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and non-employer entity contributions will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table shows how the collective net pension liability/(asset) as of June 30, 2015 would change if the discount rate used was one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate. The current rate is 7.125% for the State Employee and Teacher Plan.

	С	1% Decrease		Discount Rate	1% Increase		
SET Plan: Discount rate		6.125%		7.125%	8.125%		
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	212,429	\$	121,335	\$ 45,464		

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### **Changes in Net Pension Liability**

Changes in net pension liability are recognized in pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2015 with the following exceptions:

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. For 2015 and 2014, this was 3 years for the State Employee and Teacher Plan.

Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period.

#### Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. There were no changes in assumptions for the State Employee and Teacher Plan.

Changes in Proportion and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions

Differences resulting from a change in proportionate share of contributions and differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. Differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions may arise when an employer has a contribution requirement for an employer specific liability.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to the Plan can be found in the MainePERS' 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report available online at <a href="https://www.mainepers.org">www.mainepers.org</a> or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

#### NOTE 16 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The School Department offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 403. The plan, available to all school employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. There is no employer match by the School Department. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseen emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) to be held in a trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

It is the opinion of the School Department's management that the School Department has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor.

#### NOTE 17 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

The Town of Acton's landfill is at 100% capacity to date. Therefore, the estimated remaining landfill life is zero years. Federal and state laws require that certain post closure care be met. The Town estimates that on an annual basis, some immaterial costs will be incurred for post closure care. The annual amount will be paid for within the Town's annual operating budget.

#### **NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES**

With regard to pending legal claims or any unasserted claims, it is not feasible at this time to predict or determine their outcome. Management believes, however, that settlement amounts, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position.

The Town participates in various intergovernmental grant programs which may be subject to future program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the Town's compliance with applicable grant requirement may be

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

established at some future date. The amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the disallowance of expenditures or ineligibility of grant revenues cannot be determined at this time.

#### NOTE 19 - LETTER OF CREDIT

At June 30, 2016, the Town has an outstanding irrevocable stand-by letter of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of Boston serving as collateral for its deposits held at Sanford Institution for Savings. This letter of credit, which expires at the close of business on January 30, 2017, authorizes one draw only up to the amount of \$4,400,000. There were no draws for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### NOTE 20 - RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

One of the Town's Selectmen provides student transportation to the Town. We understand that the Selectman recluses himself in any matters concerning school transportation. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, payments to the Selectman for student transportation totaled \$94,657. Also, the School's maintenance director is sometimes contracted for the use of his backhoe. During fiscal year 2016, payments for these services totaled \$360.

#### NOTE 21 - SEVERANCE PAY

On June 13, 2014, the Town of Acton entered into an agreement with an employee to pay severance pay upon the employee's departure from the Town. The Town agreed to pay the employee \$406 per week until the final fiscal pay week ending before June 30, 2015. The Town also agreed to pay the employee's currently existing supplemental health insurance premium until the final fiscal pay week ending before June 30, 2016. As of June 30, 2016, the severance agreement was fulfilled.

### Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Government Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual -General Fund
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Contributions

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance		
		_	Actual	Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 2,918,379	\$ 2,918,379	\$ 2,918,379	\$ -		
Resources (Inflows):	0.540.700	0.540.700	0.404.050	(40.070)		
Property taxes	6,510,729	6,510,729	6,491,659	(19,070)		
Excise taxes	376,000	376,000	503,404	127,404		
Intergovernmental	144,596	575,457	682,718	107,261		
Charges for services	124,000	125,600	135,773	10,173		
Investment income	8,000	8,000	11,049	3,049		
Other revenue	59,000	59,892	123,214	63,322		
Loan proceeds	-	500,000	500,000	-		
Transfers from other funds						
Amounts Available for Appropriation	10,140,704	11,074,057	11,366,196	292,139		
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):						
General government	676,429	679,748	625,490	54,258		
Public safety	628,432	628,432	470,843	157,589		
Public works	855,799	1,028,195	863,799	164,396		
Social services	66,775	66,775	66,775	· -		
Recreation	10,800	12,400	8,601	3,799		
General assistance	8,000	8,000	1,548	6,452		
County tax	289,246	289,246	289,246	, -		
Education	4,791,038	5,325,418	4,918,930	406,488		
Debt service:	, - ,	-,,	, ,	,		
Principal	96,643	96,643	96,643	_		
Interest	26,024	26,024	18,364	7,660		
Other	143,999	703,613	586,751	116,862		
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-	-		
Total Charges to Appropriations	7,593,185	8,864,494	7,946,990	917,504		
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 2,547,519	\$ 2,209,563	\$ 3,419,206	\$ 1,209,643		
Utilization of restricted fund balance	\$ 170,860	\$ 325,198	\$ -	\$ (325,198)		
Utilization of committed fund balance	-	129,299	-	(129,299)		
Utilization of assigned fund balance	-	11,000	-	(11,000)		
Utilization of unassigned fund balance	200,000	243,319	_	(243,319)		
Č	\$ 370,860	\$ 708,816	\$ -	\$ (708,816)		
	<u> </u>					

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

		2016	2015		
SET Plan:					
Town's proportion of the net pension liability  Town's proportionate share of the net pension		0.01%		0.01%	
liability	\$	121,335	\$	93,060	
State's proportionate share of the net pension	Φ	0.444.005	<b>ተ</b>	4 400 050	
liability associated with the Town	_\$_	2,144,365	<u></u>	1,436,353	
Total	\$	2,265,700	\$	1,529,413	
Town's covered-employee payroll Town's proportionate share of the net pension	\$	1,508,269	\$	1,918,273	
liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll		8.04%		4.85%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		81.20%		83.91%	

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30, and are for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	2016		2015		2014
SET Plan:					
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 58,500	\$	64,869	\$	55,265
required contribution	 (58,500)		(64,869)		(55,265)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$	
Town's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-	\$ 1,508,269	\$	1,918,273	\$	1,605,351
employee payroll	3.88%		3.38%		3.44%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

#### Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual General Fund Revenues
- Schedule of Departmental Operations General Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule School Department
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Permanent Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Permanent Funds
- Schedule of General Capital Assets by Function
- Schedule of Changes in General Capital Assets by Function

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND REVENUES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget						Variance Positive (Negative)	
Resources (Inflows):									
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$ 6,510,729	\$	6,510,729	\$	6,491,659	\$	(19,070)		
Motor vehicle excise	365,000		365,000		488,983		123,983		
Boat excise	11,000		11,000		14,421		3,421		
Intergovernmental revenues:									
State revenue sharing	73,706		73,706		79,851		6,145		
Education subsidy	-		344,822		375,269		30,447		
Homestead exemption	48,851		48,851		48,851		-		
Local road assistance	-		-		50,292		50,292		
School - Mainecare	-		15,000		4,080		(10,920)		
School lunch revenue	-		70,000		90,344		20,344		
Tree growth	20,000		20,000		28,301		8,301		
General assistance	-		-		855		855		
Veterans' reimbursement	2,000		2,000		3,058		1,058		
Other state/federal funds	39		1,078		1,817		739		
Charges for services:									
Town clerk fees	11,000		11,000		12,330		1,330		
Building permits	32,000		32,000		77,003		45,003		
Plumbing permits	5,000		5,000		9,564		4,564		
Animal control fees	1,000		1,000		1,886		886		
Planning board fees	-		-		4,548		4,548		
Appeals board fees	-		-		274		274		
Marriage licenses	-		-		324		324		
Rescue services	32,000		32,000		20,032		(11,968)		
Franchise fees	40,000		40,000		-		(40,000)		
Other	3,000		4,600		9,812		5,212		
Investment income, net of unrealized									
gains/(losses)	8,000		8,000		11,049		3,049		
Other revenues:									
Recycling income	26,000		26,000		27,413		1,413		
Transfer station	-		-		225		225		
Cable access	-		-		41,308		41,308		
Interest and fees on taxes	33,000		33,000		34,936		1,936		
Misc. other	-		892		19,332		18,440		
Loan proceeds	-		500,000		500,000		-		
Transfers from other funds	 		-		-				
Amounts Available for Appropriation	\$ 7,222,325	\$	8,155,678	\$	8,447,817	\$	292,139		

# SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Budget Final Adjustments Budget		Expenditures	Variance Positive (Negative)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
Governing body \$	29,389	\$ -	\$ 29,389	\$ 29,404	\$ (15)
Town gym expenses	4,550	-	4,550	2,132	2,418
General office assistant	55,223	(4,398)	50,825	48,974	1,851
Warrant and finance	266	-	266	-	266
Muncipal management	345,640	4,398	350,038	310,875	39,163
Elections	6,883	-	6,883	4,278	2,605
Registrar of voters	4,570	-	4,570	4,568	2
Planning/economic development	4,100	(3,100)	1,000	2,361	(1,361)
Finance/treasury	38,719	-	38,719	38,605	114
Town clerk/tax collector	45,777	-	45,777	45,280	497
Assesment and revaluations	41,400	-	41,400	32,450	8,950
CEO and building inspector	99,912	6,419	106,331	106,563	(232)
Total	676,429	3,319	679,748	625,490	54,258
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Fire/rescue services	588,163	-	588,163	430,498	157,665
Communications	27,989	-	27,989	28,059	(70)
Animal control	9,287	-	9,287	9,287	-
EMA	1,293	-	1,293	1,292	1
Street lights	1,700	-	1,700	1,707	(7)
Total	628,432	-	628,432	470,843	157,589
PUBLIC WORKS					
Transfer station	268,158	-	268,158	236,312	31,846
District 1	226,110	110,653	336,763	284,496	52,267
District 2	226,110	33,441	259,551	168,086	91,465
Sand/salt stockpile	120,383	-	120,383	134,214	(13,831)
Gravel processing reserve	, <u>-</u>	28,302	28,302	25,963	2,339
Public works buildings/equipment	15,038	-	15,038	14,728	310
Total	855,799	172,396	1,028,195	863,799	164,396
RECREATION	10,800	1,600	12,400	8,601	3,799
GENERAL ASSISTANCE	8,000		8,000	1,548	6,452
COUNTY TAX	289,246		289,246	289,246	

## SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments	Final Budget	Expenditures	Variance Positive (Negative)
EDUCATION	4 704 000	504.000	5.005.440	4.040.000	400 400
General education	4,791,038	534,380	5,325,418	4,918,930	406,488
Total	4,791,038	534,380	5,325,418	4,918,930	406,488
SOCIAL SERVICES					
Donations	66,775	-	66,775	66,775	-
Total	66,775		66,775	66,775	
	<u> </u>			,	
DEBT SERVICE					
Principal	96,643	-	96,643	96,643	-
Interest	26,024		26,024	18,364	7,660
Total	122,667	-	122,667	115,007	7,660
OTHER					
Health officer	108	-	108	108	-
Mary Grant	-	2,749	2,749	465	2,284
Neighbors helping neighbors	-	1,225	1,225	533	692
Cemeteries	2,750	-	2,750	2,231	519
Cable access	39,900	-	39,900	36,489	3,411
Forestry reserve	538	-	538	538	-
Conservation	250	-	250	-	250
Fire capital	40,800	-	40,800	-	40,800
Belch Lake	525	-	525	525	-
Dams	9,400	2,500	11,900	7,810	4,090
Overlay	49,728	-	49,728	-	49,728
Capital reserve	-	11,000	11,000	10,986	14
Window improvement	-	898	898	898	-
Town hall repairs	-	25,000	25,000	25,000	-
Tree lighting	-	203	203	129	74
Sand/salt constuction	-	500,000	500,000	500,000	-
Emergengy and capital improvements	-	15,000	15,000	-	15,000
Snowmobile club	-	1,039	1,039	1,039	
Total	143,999	559,614	703,613	586,751	116,862
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 7,593,185	\$ 1,271,309	\$ 8,864,494	\$ 7,946,990	\$ 917,504

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

# SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS – SCHOOL DEPARTMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	I	/ariance Positive legative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 1,129,071	\$ 1,129,071	\$ 1,129,071	\$	_
Resources (Inflows):					
State subsidy	344,822	344,822	375,269		30,447
Local appropriation	4,791,038	4,791,038	4,791,038		-
School lunch revenue	70,000	70,000	90,344		20,344
Mainecare	15,000	15,000	4,080		(10,920)
Investment income, net of unrealized					
gains/(losses)	-	-	751		751
Other	-	-	15,179		15,179
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-		-
Amounts Available for Appropriation	6,349,931	6,349,931	6,405,732		55,801
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):					
Regular instruction (Article 2)	2,743,579	2,803,579	2,505,366		298,213
Special education (Article 3)	883,856	883,856	810,323		73,533
Other instruction (Article 5)	43,163	43,163	42,339		824
Student & staff support (Article 6)	351,638	351,638	338,310		13,328
System administration (Article 7)	230,440	230,440	226,979		3,461
School administration (Article 8)	177,275	177,275	165,938		11,337
Transportation (Article 9)	258,000	258,000	253,357		4,643
Facilities maintenance (Article 10)	407,638	452,196	452,188		8
All other expenditures (Article 12)	125,271	125,271	124,130		1,141
Deobligation of school unassigned fund balance	170,860	170,860	170,860		-
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-		-
Total Charges to Appropriations	5,391,720	5,496,278	5,089,790		406,488
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 958,211	\$ 853,653	 1,315,942	\$	462,289
Utilization of unassigned fund balance	\$ 170,860	\$ 230,860	\$ -	\$	(230,860)
Utilization of committed fund balance	 <u>-</u>	44,558			(44,558)
	\$ 170,860	\$ 275,418	\$ -	\$	(275,418)

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	R	Special evenue -unds	_	rmanent Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$	- - 11,148 11,148	\$	55,945 40,935 - 96,880	\$	55,945 40,935 11,148 108,028		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	- 11,380 11,380	\$	- - -	\$	- 11,380 11,380		
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		- 11,148 - - (11,380) (232)		96,880 - - - 96,880		108,028 - - (11,380) 96,648		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	11,148	\$	96,880	\$	108,028		

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds	_	ermanent Funds	Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenue Investment income, net of unrealized	\$ 155,337	\$	-	\$ 155,337
gains/(losses) TOTAL REVENUES	155,337		(9,720) (9,720)	(9,720) 145,617
EXPENDITURES				
Education	160,383		-	160,383
Other	 		4,000	 4,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	160,383		4,000	 164,383
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(5,046)		(13,720)	(18,766)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 - - -		- - -	 - - -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(5,046)		(13,720)	(18,766)
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	 4,814		110,600	115,414
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ (232)	\$	96,880	\$ 96,648

# Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	<u>En</u>	Local htitlement	5	Title IA School rovement	 Title IA	 Title IIA	Small Rural School	Local ntitlement reschool	PEPG	Diploma ssistance	Total
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents  Due from other funds  TOTAL ASSETS	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$ 153 153	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 2,458 2,458	\$ 8,537 8,537	\$ 11,148 11,148
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	11,380 11,380	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 11,380 11,380
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		(11,380) (11,380)		- - - - -	- - - - -	153 - - - - 153	- - - - -	- - - - -	2,458 - - - 2,458	8,537 - - - - 8,537	11,148 - - (11,380) (232)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	· · /	\$		\$ <u>-</u>	\$	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 2,458	\$ 8,537	\$ 11,148

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Local itlement	5	Title IA School rovement	Title IA	Title IIA		Small Rural School		Rural		Local Entitlement Preschool		Entitlement		PEPG	Diploma sistance	 Total
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenue TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 60,829 60,829	\$	6,169 6,169	\$ 58,645 58,645	\$ 8,562 8,562	\$	10,792 10,792	\$	1,964 1,964	\$	4,600 4,600	\$ 3,776 3,776	 155,337 155,337				
EXPENDITURES Education TOTAL EXPENDITURES	72,209 72,209		6,169 6,169	58,645 58,645	8,409 8,409	_	10,792 10,792		1,964 1,964		2,142 2,142	53 53	160,383 160,383				
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (11,380)				153		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		2,458	 3,723	 (5,046)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 - -	-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>				
SOURCES (USES)	 -		-	 -	 -		-		-		-	 -	 				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	(11,380)		-	-	153		-		-		2,458	3,723 4,814	(5,046) 4,814				
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ (11,380)	\$		\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 153	\$		\$		\$	2,458	\$ 8,537	\$ (232)				

#### Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to account for assets held by the Town of Acton, Maine that are legally restricted pursuant to Title 30-A, §5653 of the Maine State Statutes, as amended, and unless otherwise specified, only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the Town or its citizenry. These funds have been established for various purposes including the provision and/or maintenance of the cemeteries.

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	C	emetery Fund	Holdsworth Scholarship		awrence nily Trust	Dorothy Dunnells		Holdsworth Trust		Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other funds	\$	10,622	\$	35,470 - -	\$ 2,277 - -	\$	7,576 - -	\$	- 40,935 -	\$ 55,945 40,935
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	10,622	\$	35,470	\$ 2,277	\$	7,576	\$	40,935	\$ 96,880
LIABILITIES  Due to other funds  TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned		- 10,622 - - -		35,470 - - -	- 2,277 - - -		- 7,576 - - -		40,935	96,880
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		10,622		35,470	 2,277		7,576		40,935	 96,880
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	10,622	\$	35,470	\$ 2,277	\$	7,576	\$	40,935	\$ 96,880

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Cemetery Fund		•		Lawrence Family Trust		Dorothy Dunnells		Holdsworth Trust		 Total
REVENUES Investment income, net of unrealized gains/(losses) TOTAL REVENUES	\$	3	\$	1,128 1,128	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	3	\$	(10,854) (10,854)	\$ (9,720) (9,720)
EXPENDITURES Scholarship/other TOTAL EXPENDITURES		<u>-</u>		4,000 4,000		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	4,000 4,000
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		3		(2,872)		<u>-</u>		3		(10,854)	 (13,720)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -	- - -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		3		(2,872)		-		3		(10,854)	(13,720)
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		10,619		38,342		2,277		7,573		51,789	110,600
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	10,622	\$	35,470	\$	2,277	\$	7,576	\$	40,935	\$ 96,880

# General Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position.

# SCHEDULE OF GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION JUNE 30, 2016

	De Infras Con	and, Non- epreciable structure and struction in Progress	Buildin	Buildings, g Improvements d Improvements		Furniture, Fixtures, Equipment & Vehicles	Inf	rastructure		Total
Public safety Public works Education Transfer station Recreation Town-wide	\$	37,500 - - - 29,000 43,700	\$	600,390 645,000 4,586,248 124,515 128,100 316,592	\$	1,127,739 22,800 893,128 49,905 - 55,933	\$	304,510 - - - - 7,675	\$	1,765,629 972,310 5,479,376 174,420 157,100 423,900
Total General Capital Assets		110,200		6,400,845		2,149,505		312,185		8,972,735
Less: Accumulated Depreciation  Net General Capital Assets	<u> </u>	110,200	\$	2,508,804	<u> </u>	(1,487,566)		(19,039) 293,146		3,574,089
net General Capital Assets	Φ	110,200	Φ	2,300,604	Ψ	001,939	Ψ	293,146	Φ	3,374,069

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

General					General
Capital					Capital
Assets					Assets
7/1/15	Add	ditions	D	eletions	6/30/16
\$ 1,617,109	\$ 1	48,520	\$	-	\$ 1,765,629
472,310	5	00,000		-	972,310
5,404,181	1	01,928		(26,733)	5,479,376
174,420		-		-	174,420
157,100		-		-	157,100
391,400		32,500			423,900
					_
8,216,520	7	82,948		(26,733)	8,972,735
(5,080,339)	(3	45,040)		26,733	(5,398,646)
				_	
\$ 3,136,181	\$ 4	37,908	\$		\$ 3,574,089
	Capital Assets 7/1/15 \$ 1,617,109 472,310 5,404,181 174,420 157,100 391,400 8,216,520 (5,080,339)	Capital Assets 7/1/15  \$ 1,617,109 \$ 1 472,310 5 5,404,181 1 174,420 157,100 391,400  8,216,520 7  (5,080,339) (3	Capital Assets 7/1/15       Additions         \$ 1,617,109 472,310       \$ 148,520 500,000 5,404,181         174,420 157,100 391,400       -         391,400       32,500         8,216,520       782,948         (5,080,339)       (345,040)	Capital Assets         7/1/15       Additions       Description         \$ 1,617,109       \$ 148,520       \$ 472,310         \$ 472,310       500,000       5,404,181       101,928         \$ 174,420       -       -         \$ 157,100       -       -         \$ 391,400       32,500       -         \$ 8,216,520       782,948         \$ (5,080,339)       (345,040)	Capital Assets         7/1/15       Additions       Deletions         \$ 1,617,109       \$ 148,520       \$ - 472,310         \$ 5,404,181       \$ 101,928       (26,733)         \$ 174,420       5404,181       5404,181         \$ 157,100       74,100       74,100         \$ 391,400       \$ 32,500       74,100         \$ 8,216,520       \$ 782,948       (26,733)         \$ (5,080,339)       (345,040)       \$ 26,733



#### **Proven Expertise and Integrity**

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Selectmen Town of Acton Acton, Maine

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Acton, Maine as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Acton, Maine's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 31, 2016.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Acton, Maine's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Acton, Maine's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Acton, Maine's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buxton, Maine

August 31, 2016

RHRSmith & Company

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Thru Grantor Number	Expenditures to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through State of Maine - Department of Education and Cultural Services:				
Food Distribution	10.550	N/A	\$ -	\$ 3,611
Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program School Lunch Program Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553 10.555	013-06A-3014-05 013-06A-3125-95	- - -	16,147 42,278 58,425
Total Department of Agriculture				62,036
U.S. Department of Defense Passed through State of Maine - Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, Maine Forest Service, Forest Protection Division: DoD Firefighter Program (FFP)	12.UNKNOWN	N/A	-	60,520
Total Department of Defense				60,520
U.S. Department of Education Passed through State of Maine - Department of Education and Cultural Services:				
Title IA - Educationally Deprived	84.010	013-06A-3107-13	-	58,645
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Local Entitlement Local Entitlement - Part B Section 619 Subtotal Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	84.027 84.173	013-06A-3046-12 013-06A-6247-23	- - -	72,209 1,964 74,173
Title VI Rural Low Income	84.358	013-06A-3005-03	-	10,792
Title IIA -Teaching Quality	84.367	013-06A-3042-11	-	8,409
Title IA - School Improvements	84.377A	013-06A-3106-13		6,169
Total Department of Education				158,188
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			<u>\$</u> -	\$ 280,744

#### DISCLOSURES:

This Town is not required to have a federal 2 C.F.R. Part 200 Uniform Guidance Audit.

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Town of Acton, Maine under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town of Acton, Maine, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Town of Acton, Maine.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- a. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and/or OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- b. The Town of Acton, Maine has not elected to use the 10 percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



# Proven Expertise and Integrity INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE REQUIREMENTS

Board of Selectmen Town of Acton Acton, Maine

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Acton, Maine for the year ended June 30, 2016 and have issued our report thereon dated August 31, 2016. Our audit was made in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable state and federal laws relating to financial and compliance audits and, accordingly, included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In connection with our audit, we reviewed the budgetary controls that are in place, and have reviewed the annual financial report that was submitted to the Maine Department of Education for accuracy. In addition, we have reviewed the Town of Acton, Maine's compliance with applicable provisions of the Maine Finance Act as noted under MRSA Title 20A, section 6051 as we considered necessary in obtaining our understanding.

The results of our procedures indicate that with respect to the items tested, the Town of Acton, Maine complied, in all material respects, with the provisions referred to in the preceding paragraph. With respect to items not tested, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Town of Acton, Maine was in noncompliance with, or in violation of, those provisions.

Management has determined that no adjustments were necessary to the fiscal books of the Town of Acton, Maine and have attached the following schedule as it relates to the reconciliation of audit adjustments to the updated annual financial data submitted to the MEDMS financial system maintained at the Maine Department of Education.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Board of Selectmen, School Board, management and the Maine Department of Education. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Buxton, Maine August 31, 2016

RHRSmith & Company

# RECONCILIATION OF AUDIT ADJUSTMENTS TO ANNUAL FINANCIAL DATA SUBMITTED TO THE MEDMS FINANCIAL SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	eral Fund (1000)	Fu	Revenue nds 000)	Capital Proje Fund (3000)	ects	Total
June 30 Balance per MEDMS financial System	\$ 1,317,109	\$	53,379	\$	-	\$ 1,370,488
Revenue Adjustments: Reclassify food service revenue	58,425		(58,425)		-	-
Expenditure Adjustments: Put due to/due froms in balance	(961)		-		-	(961)
Other Adjustments: Beginning balance:						
HS Diploma Assistance	-		4,814		-	4,814
General fund	112,230		-		-	112,230
Deobligation of school fund balance	(170,860)		-		-	(170,860)
Accrued compensated absences current year activity adjustment	(2)		-		-	(2)
Unallocated variance	1		-		-	1
Audited GAAP Basis Fund balance June 30	\$ 1,315,942	\$	(232)	\$	_	\$ 1,315,710